# TRANSPESHAWAR (THE URBAN MOBILITY COMPANY)

# **ANNUAL REPORT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



# **Table of Contents**

1.	CC	DMPANY PROFILE	3
2.	VIS	SION AND MISSION STATEMENTS	4
3.	ST	ATEMENT OF ETHICS AND BUSNIESS PRACTICES	4
4.	CC	DDE OF CONDUCT	5
5.	CC	DRE VALUES	6
6.	CC	DRPORATE INFORMATION	7
7.	ВС	DARD AND BOARD COMMITTEES' MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE	9
7	7.1	Board of Directors Meetings and Attendance:	9
7	7.2	Nomination Committee Meetings and Attendance	10
7	7.3	Procurement Committee Meetings and Attendance	11
7	7.4	HR Committee Meetings and Attendance	11
7	7.5	Finance Committee Meetings and Attendance	11
7	7.7	Operations & Strategy Committee Meetings and Attendance	11
7	7.8	Risk Management Committee Meetings and Attendance	12
8.	OF	RGANIZATIONAL CHART	13
9.	CH	HAIRMAN'S MESSAGE	15
10.		CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S MESSAGE	16
11.		FINANCIAL REVIEW	17
1	1.1	HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL ANAYSIS – STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	18
1	1.2	HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL ANALYSIS INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT	24
12.		DIRECTORS' REPORT	27
1	2.1	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	27
1	2.2	DIRECTORS STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	27



### 1. COMPANY PROFILE

The Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (GoKP) has been working over the last few years to develop institutional structure for urban renewal, which is responsive to the 21<sup>st</sup> century with a focus initially on Peshawar. Peshawar is a city of over 1.6 million with the population expected to increase to 3 million by 2030.

One of the major problems in urban mobility is the lack of quality transport, which hinders economic development, and impacts the quality of life on daily basis. The current provision of transport is mainly provided by informal public transport facilities composed mainly of large and medium size buses and popular pick-ups. These provide 70% of the total transport demand but represent only 43% of the traffic. The bus fleet is in decay, bus stops are rudimentary, ticketing system is obsolete; operators compete for passengers worsening congestion and impairing safety particularly for female and young passengers.

The organizational framework for urban transport is fragmented with overlapping responsibilities between provincial and local/district level with at least 14 departments/ agencies involved with their own priorities. Transforming transport as part of urban renewal can assist and act as incentive for inward investment and economic regeneration.

CDIA (City Development Initiatives for Asia) in 2014 provided support to the GoKP to assist with the institutional legislation and framework and link the Peshawar BRT to ADB financing. This was completed in December 2014, this TA (Technical Assistance) provided to GoKP with draft Legislation and supporting documentation for the establishment of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Urban Mobility Authority (KPUMA) and the TransPeshawar Company (TPC).

As a result of the above the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (GoKP) in order to take a strategic approach to urban development including the introduction of a modern BRT system, has put in place a robust institutional framework. The GoKP has streamlined the institutional framework by passing legislation in the Provincial Assembly establishing Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Urban Mobility Authority (KPUMA) and the TransPeshawar Company (The Urban Mobility Company). KPUMA has province-wide remit and is responsible for the development of policies and regulations, planning, coordination, project preparation and funding for all projects related to urban transport system including mass transit, parking, non-motorized transport (NMT) etc. KPUMA board includes representatives from all major municipal and provincial government agencies.

TransPeshawar (The Urban Mobility Company) "the Company" was incorporated on February 09, 2017 as a company limited by guarantee under section 42 of the Repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Repealed with the enactment of the Companies Act, 2017 on May 30, 2017). The primary object to carry out the project implementation, management and maintenance of urban rapid transit project in Peshawar (Peshawar Sustainable Bus Rapid Transit Corridor Project), assigned by the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Urban Mobility Authority (KPUMA) for the benefits of public at large, organize training programs for selected bus operators and bus drivers. The Company is wholly owned and controlled by the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.



# 2. VISION AND MISSION STATEMENTS

To enhance the urban mobility of residents of Peshawar through bringing new standards for public transport to the residents of Peshawar, we have the following mission,

"TransPeshawar operates as a cohesive, transparent and professional company to provide a safe, affordable, financially sustainable and efficient public transport system for Peshawar and which places the needs of the passenger as our top priority".

For this, the system will be accessible for all, and the service standards provided will be consistent with the contract conditions as set by TransPeshawar. All Company staff will work as a single unified team where the end results speak for themselves. For this to be achieved all staff members will support each other, respect each other's views and make decisions which are based on fact and in the best interests of the passenger market – our customers, who ultimately, we are here to serve.

# 3. STATEMENT OF ETHICS AND BUSNIESS PRACTICES

To conduct ourselves professionally in a courteous manner consistent with the following guidelines:

- i. Deliver the Declared Project on behalf of KPUMA for the overall benefit of the residents. For the infrastructure and system components, quality of construction and equipment will ultimately determine ongoing maintenance costs. Therefore, quality starts from day one of the construction and system component procurement contracts.
- ii. Our minds are focused on efficiency where we minimise/eliminate the need for operating subsidies by ensuring a financially sustainable preventative maintenance program is implemented and maintained, ensure passenger demand is robust and increases over time and ensure unnecessary overheads are eliminated.
- iii. We ensure public safety, convenience, accessibility and comfort is the priority for all. For this, we will ensure the provision of high quality and reliable transit services at all times.
- iv. We will always remain customer focused and work in partnership with the community. They are the essence of our existence and we will engage with them as necessary to (i) understand their needs, (ii) identify future opportunities for market growth and (iii) build the trust needed to enable our services to become the first mode choice of transport by all, irrespective of economic or social standing.
- v. Our Company services and operations are efficient, while using the most appropriate technology, equipment and service planning available. In helping build customer satisfaction and trust levels, we will readily accept new innovations in technologies, communications, and processes to ensure efficiency and a customer focus.
- vi. We will use the results of regular customer feedback and survey results to improve our services, ensure high level of customer and community satisfaction is maintained.
- vii. We will maintain a creative and safe workplace where each team member has the opportunity to excel.
- viii. We will recognise and reward the efforts of our team members who excel in delivering on our nominated values, code of conduct and operating philosophy.
- ix. We are an equal opportunity employer.



# 4. CODE OF CONDUCT.

Our code of conduct reflects to a large degree, our level of commitment to our mission and our values. The key metrics are:

- i. <u>Commitment to service</u> at all times we commit ourselves to delivering our Vision and adherence to our values. If we observe an emerging event which will or may have a negative impact on our performance or on that of the passengers, we let our fellow team members know so that appropriate measures can be taken to address the matter.
- ii. <u>Accountability</u>- let us all acknowledge our responsibility to assist in achieving our Vision. Each has a role to play and for this, we are accountable for our actions or non-actions. Therefore, be proactive and seek to deliver excellence in every-thing we do.
- iii. <u>Law abiding</u> we all comply with the local and National laws and regulations both in spirit and to the letter. In this respect, we conduct our business with honesty and integrity.
- iv. <u>Leadership</u> we have the opportunity to provide leadership in managing the first ever third generation BRT system in South Asia. Let us not waste this opportunity. For the company, team leadership will be inclusive and as per our values so that all are encouraged to excel in their specific areas of responsibility.
- v. <u>Understanding</u> we will strive to fully understand the latest best practice standards of urban mobility planning, implementation, operations, monitoring and maintenance. For this, we shall convene regular team training sessions where latest trends and innovations are shared so that where relevant, such innovations can be applied to our operations.
- vi. <u>Trust</u> we as professionals require trust and must offer it in return. It is a two-way street. For this, honesty is the underpinning principle we will follow in order to maintain this trust. If we are not aware of an issue, or are not able to find an answer to a problem or an issue, admit it and in accordance with our Company values, the relevant assistance will be provided in a co-operative and inclusive manner as per our Company values.
- vii. <u>Empathy and Tolerance</u> for many of us, a financially sustainable third generation BRT system is a new experience. So, let us all recognise this and display the degree of empathy and tolerance needed during the initial period of Company establishment and BRT operations so that we are all able to work with the necessary commitment, be innovative and results oriented.



# 5. CORE VALUES

Our values are simple. By adhering to them, we can achieve our mission, and be a respected entity. They are:

- i. <u>Integrity and respect</u> act with integrity at all times. We treat others in our team and our customers (the passengers) as we would like to be treated ourselves. With integrity and respect, irrespective of our gender or our position within the Company team. The same applies to the passengers on our services.
- ii. <u>Fact not fiction drives our decisions</u> Rely on real facts at all times. If we do not know the answer to an issue admit it and then commit to undertake the necessary assessment to obtain the answer. Then, there is a justifiable case for the decision to be made.
- iii. <u>Innovation</u> innovation will drive the Company forward. We do not rely on previous out of date data, processes, or technology. We will be at the forefront of these aspects in accordance with the National Transport Policy and be a leading light for urban mobility related entities in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- iv. <u>Results oriented</u> focus on the needs of the passenger at all times as ultimately our success will be determined by, growth of passenger numbers, mode share and passenger satisfaction levels. This will also assist in maintaining the financial sustainability of the system and a lack of reliance on subsidies for operations.
- v. <u>Teamwork and seamless communication</u> this is essential if we are to optimise our results. For this, we help each other where required and engage in seamless communication where all data and information is to be shared across the team willingly and in a timely manner. We <u>do not condone</u> the mindset that "knowledge is power". If assistance is required, we encourage all team members to ask so that the answers and solutions are derived and everyone benefits.

# 6. CORPORATE INFORMATION

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Shahab Ali Shah Chairman BoD

Mr. Riaz Khan Mehsud

Ex Officio, Non-Executive Director

Mr. Amer Latif

Ex Officio, Non-Executive Director

Ms. Fayyaz Ali Shah

Ex Officio, Non-Executive Director

Mr. Basharat Ahmad

Ex Officio, Non-Executive Director

Mr. Abbas Majeed Khan Marwat

Ex Officio, Non-Executive Director

Mr. Muhammad Ali Asghar

Ex Officio, Non-Executive Director

Mr. Abdul Basit

Ex Officio, Non-Executive Director

Mr. Zubair Ali

District Nazim/ Mayor Peshawar

Mr. Dilroze Khan

Independent Director

Mr. Isaac Ali Qazi

**Independent Director** 

Mr. Muhammad Ishfaq Khattak

**Independent Director** 

Mr. Fayyaz Ahmad Khan

**Executive Director** 

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Muhammad Aamir Noor, ACA

T: +92-91-2621393-5

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

1<sup>st</sup> Floor, KPUMA Building, Main BRT Depot, Near NHA Complex, Chamkani, Peshawar, Pakistan.

T: +92-91-2621393-5

www.transpeshawar.pk

# **CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**

Mr. Safdar Shabir Awan, FCA

T: +92-91-2621393-5

### **AUDITORS**

PKF F.R.A.N.T.S Chartered Accountants

8th Floor, State Life Building, The Mall, Peshawar Cantt, Pakistan

Tel: +92-91- 5279691

### **BANKERS**

Bank of Khyber (BoK)

National Bank of Pakistan

## **LEGAL ADVISOR**

Mr. Waseem Ud Din Khattak

Flat No. 5, 3rd Floor, Tasneem Plaza,

Peshawar Cantt.

T: +92-3339400366

# 7. BOARD AND BOARD COMMITTEES' MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

# 7.1 Board of Directors Meetings and Attendance:

The Board of Directors held four (04) meetings during the year ended June 30, 2022 to oversee the activities of the Company. The attendance record of Directors at the meetings are as follows;

Director Name	Attendance		
Additional Chief Secretary	4/4		
Commissioner Peshawar	3/4		
Secretary Transport and Mass Transit Department	3/4		
DG Peshawar Development Authority	3/4		
Additional Secretary Finance	3/4		
Chief Economist	2/4		
SSP Traffic	4/4		
Executive Director, Urban Policy Unit	2/4		
Mr. Dilroze Khan	2/4		
District Nazim (Additional charge with DC Peshawar)	3/4		
Mr. Isaac Ali Qazi	3/4		
Dr. Rashid Rehan	3/4		
CEO TransPeshawar	4/4		
Mr. Muhammad Ishfaq Khattak	0/4		

# Audit Committee Meetings and Attendance

The Board Audit Committee held two (02) meetings during the year ended June 30, 2022

Director Name	Attendance
Mr. Dilroze Khan	2/2
Secretary Transport & Mass Transit	2/2
Mr. Isaac Ali Qazi	1/2
Additional Secretary Finance	2/2

# Salient Features and Terms of Reference of Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is, among other things, responsible for recommending to the Board of Directors the appointment of external auditors by Company's shareholders and considers any questions of resignation or removal of external auditors, audit fees and provision by external auditors of any service to the Company in addition to audit of its financial statements. In the absence of strong grounds to proceed otherwise, the Board of Directors acts in accordance with the recommendations of the Audit Committee in the following matters:

- Recommend to the Board of Directors the appointment of external auditors, their removal, audit fees, the provision by external auditors of any service to the Company in addition to audit of its financial statements. The Board of Directors shall give due consideration to the recommendations of the Committee in all these matters and where it acts otherwise, it shall record the reasons thereof.
- Determination of appropriate measures to safeguard the Company's assets.
- Review of quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial statements of the Company, prior to their approval by the Board of Directors.
- Facilitating the external audit and discussion with external auditors of major observations arising from interim and final audits and any matter that the auditors may wish to highlight (in the absence of management, where necessary).
- Ensuring co-ordination between the internal and external auditors of the Company.
- Review of the scope and extent of internal audit and ensuring that the internal audit function has adequate resources and is appropriately placed within the Company.
- Consideration of major findings of internal investigations of activities characterized by fraud, corruption, abuse of power, criminal activities, and management's response thereto.
- Determination of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards as applicable in Pakistan and other relevant statutory requirements including SROs, notifications and departmental orders where applicable.



- Monitoring compliance with best practices of Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013 and identification of significant violations thereof.
- The details of all related party transactions shall be placed before the Committee and upon recommendations of the Committee, the same shall be placed before the board for review and approval.
- The related party transactions which are not executed at arm's length price / fair market values shall also be placed separately at each board meeting along with necessary justification for consideration and approval of the board on recommendation of the Committee.
- Assess and analyze all critical accounting policies and practices, compliance with the practices of code of corporate governance, compliance with financing terms, Statutory filings etc.
- Review of all alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles related to material items that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditor.
- Other material written communications between the independent auditor and management, including, but not limited to, the management letter and schedule of unadjusted differences.
- At least annually, obtain and review a report by the independent auditor.
- In consultation with the independent auditor and the internal audit function, review the integrity of the company's financial reporting processes.
- Periodically review the adequacy and effectiveness of the company's disclosure controls and procedures and the company's internal control over financial reporting, including any significant deficiencies and significant changes in internal controls.
- Review analysis prepared by management and the independent auditor setting forth significant financial reporting issues and judgments made about the preparation of the financial statements, including analysis of the effects of alternative.
- Review, with management, the company's finance function, including its budget, organization, and quality of personnel.
- Conduct an annual performance assessment relative to the audit committee's purpose, duties, and responsibilities outlined.

- Assess and analyze that sufficient system and risk management framework is in place to manage both the strategic and operational risks and operating sufficiently and effectively to identify new or emerging risks and communicate properly.
- Perform any other activities consistent with this charter, the company's bylaws, and governing laws that the board or committee determines are necessary or appropriate.

# 7.2 Nomination Committee Meetings and Attendance

The Board Nomination Committee held one (01) meeting during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Director Name	Attendance
Additional Chief Secretary (Chairman)	1/1
Mr. Dilroze Khan	1/1
District Nazim (Additional Charge with	1/1
DC Peshawar)	

# Salient Features and Terms of Reference of Nomination Committee

- To review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge, experience and length of service) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy.
- To develop a panel of experts and to identify individuals, based on minimum eligibility criteria and qualification, to become independent members of the Board and to make recommendations to the Board in this regard.
- To assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors.
- To make recommendations to the Board on succession planning for Directors, in particular, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer
- To review and make recommendations to the Board on appointment of members of any other Board Committee, including appointment of market experts/professionals, as mandated by the Board.
- Keep under review the leadership needs of the organization, both executive and non-executive with a view to ensuring the continued ability of the organization to compete effectively in the marketplace; to arrange orientation and training programs for members of the Board.
- To devise remuneration policies and remuneration for the directors and market experts/professionals.
- To carry out any other function that may be mutually agreed upon by the Committee and the Board.



# 7.3 Procurement Committee Meetings and Attendance

The Board Procurement Committee held meeting during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Director Name	Attendance
DG Peshawar Development Authority	1/1
Mr. Dilroze Khan	1/1
Mr. Fayyaz Ahmad Khan (CEO)	1/1
Executive Director Urban Policy Unit	1/1

# Salient Features and Terms of Reference of Procurement Committee

- Serves as an advisory forum to suggest measures to streamline the procurement of goods and services.
- Review and recommend special cases of procurement referred by procurement committee of the management for seeking directives of the Committee.
- To ensure higher level of fairness, transparency, integrity, economy and effectiveness for all procurement to fulfil the requirements within the KPPRA Rules and ADB procurement guidelines or other donor agencies as the case may be.
- Identify, review and approve new and innovative procurement practices/ strategies to strengthen, streamline and speedup the procurement process to achieve value for money in delivering the corporate strategies and strategic priorities.
- o Review and approve annual procurement plan.
- Review and approve RFP, Tender Documents for projects/tenders which are beyond the limit of management of the Company.
- Periodically review to ensure that the procurements made within limit of management of the Company, over the period, have followed the principles of transparency, economy, value for money and accountability.
- To review and recommend the financial thresholds relating to procurement/contracting of goods, works and services.
- To recommend contract award, contract amendments for the procurement of goods, works or services on periodic basis to the Board of Directors which are beyond the limits of management of the Company.
- To review the performance of contractors, suppliers and consultants who have provided works, goods and services on periodic basis.
- Assign any other tasks assigned by the Board of Directors of TransPeshawar.

### 7.4 HR Committee Meetings and Attendance

The Board Human Resource Committee held one (01) meeting during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Director Name	Attendance
Mr. Isaac Ali Qazi	1/1
Commission Peshawar	0/1
Secretary TMTD	1/1
Mr. Fayyaz Ahmad Khan (CEO)	1/1

# Salient Features and Terms of Reference of Human Resource Committee

- Finalization of Company Organogram
- Job descriptions, person specification, recruitment plan, selection criteria, advertisement
- Salary component in Company budget
- First version of HR policies and procedures

### 7.5 Finance Committee Meetings and Attendance

The Board Finance Committee held one (01) meeting during the year ended June 30, 2022.

7.6	
Director Name	Attendance
Mr. Dilroze Khan	1/1
Dr. Rashid Rehan	0/1
Chief Economist	1/1
Additional Secretary Finance	1/1
Mr. Fayyaz Ahmad Khan (CEO)	1/1

# Salient Features and Terms of Reference of Finance Committee

- Financial rules and powers of the Company's management.
- Budget of the Company.
- Allocation of one-line budget in Finance Department for the next three fiscal years.
- Bank account opening.
- Recommend any financial, accounting and allied matter to the Board for its approval.

# 7.7 Operations & Strategy Committee Meetings and Attendance

One meeting was held of the Board Operations & Strategy Committee held during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Director Name	Attendance	
Secretary Transport	1/1	



SSP Traffic	0/1
Mr. Isaac Ali Qazi	1/1
Dr. Rashid Rehan	1/1
Mr. Fayyaz Ahmad Khan (CEO)	1/1

# Salient Features and Terms of Reference of Operations & Strategy Committee

- Serves as an advisory forum to suggest measures to streamline company operations to meet company objective.
- Review the operational policies of the company.
- Review and approval of agreements to be signed with Government departments.
- o Review of Fare policies for Bicycle and buses.
- Review of Declared Conditions of KPUMA for Peshawar BRT.
- Review of Declared Conditions of Women Bus Project in Mardan and Abbottabad.
- o Review of Penalty Notification for ZU System.
- Review of Code of Conduct for Passengers.
- o Review of Uniform for Peshawar BRT staff.
- o Review of Policy on Restricted Usage of Corridor.
- Review of Route Map and stations names for Peshawar BRT and ZU Cycles.
- Review of Power Delegation to Chief Executive Officer of TransPeshawar.
- Review of policy for card registration and ZU Cycle Membership Policy.
- Review of Policy for notification of procedures regarding collection of Challan.
- o Review of policy regarding route permit of Peshawar BRT.
- Review of policies regarding advertisement and commercial revenue generations.
- Review of policies related to complaint management system, lost and found, and card lost policies.
- Review of operational performance of bus operations, company operations and Declared Conditions of KPUMA.
- Review of polices regarding efficient operation which includes buses and bicycles.
- Any other task assigned by the Board of Directors of TransPeshawar.

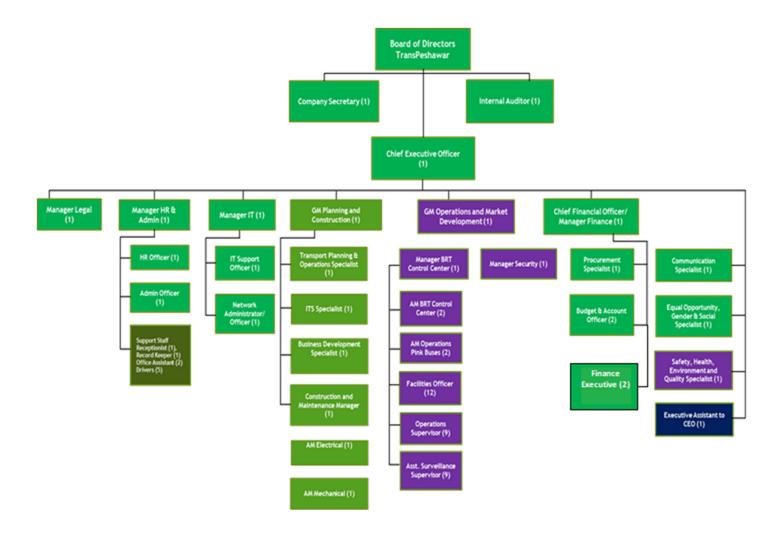
# 7.8 Risk Management Committee Meetings and Attendance

No meeting was held of the Board Finance Committee held during the year ended June 30, 2022.

# Salient Features and Terms of Reference of Risk Management Committee

- advise the Board on the company's overall risk appetite, tolerance and strategy, taking account of the current and prospective macroeconomic and financial environment and drawing on financial stability assessments that may be relevant for the company's risk policies.
- Assess and analyze that a sufficient system and Risk
   Management Framework is in place to properly classify
   risks, their likelihood (from rare to certain), their
   consequence severity (from negligible to catastrophic) and
   an efficient strategy for timely communication.
- oversee and advise the board on the current risk exposures of the company and future risk strategy.
- in relation to risk assessment and subject to overlap with the audit committee:
  - keep under review the company's overall risk assessment processes that inform the board's decision making, ensuring both qualitative and quantitative metrics are used;
  - review regularly and approve the parameters used in these measures and the methodology adopted; and
  - set a standard for the accurate and timely monitoring of large exposures and certain risk types of critical importance.
- o review the company's capability to identify and manage new risk types [in conjunction with the audit committee].
- review reports on any material breaches of risk limits and the adequacy of proposed action.
- keep under review the effectiveness of the company's internal financial controls and internal controls and risk management systems and review and approve the statements to be included in the annual report concerning internal controls and risk management.
- o review the adequacy and security of the company's arrangements for its employees and contractors to raise concerns, in confidence, about possible wrongdoing in financial reporting or other matters. The committee shall ensure that these arrangements allow proportionate and independent investigation of such matters and appropriate follow up action.
- o review the company's procedures for detecting fraud.
- review the company's procedures for the prevention of bribery.
- Any other tasks assigned by the Board of Directors of TransPeshawar.

# 8. ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



# DIRECTORS' REPORT

# 9. CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE



Peshawar, the Provincial capital of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, is home to millions of people. With rapid urbanization, there was a need for improved and efficient public transport system which would also aid to lessen the load of traffic on the roads. It is evident from research that quality urban transport service contributes to social inclusion, better employment opportunities, and urban regeneration by increasing people's mobility.

The Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (GoKP), with its dedication, commitment and in the best interest of public, initiated Peshawar Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) project in collaboration with Asian Development Bank to revamp

the existing transport system. The project is a major undertaking not just in the development of the physical infrastructure of the city but also as a catalyst for urban regeneration and economic growth. This state-of-the-art, universally-accessible bus rapid transit system has replaced the old, orthodox, unsafe transport system which failed to cater to the requirements of the urban population of the city, especially the weaker segments of society such as women, children, the elderly and people with disabilities. Currently the project is catering to more than 250,000 passengers every day, 25% of whom are women. As a result, to overwhelming response from the public, Government of Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa will announce further routes in Peshawar for which additional state of the art busses will soon reach Peshawar. The Project has also gained international recognition on multiple forums, and is becoming a role model for other cities.

The Board and its committees have been performing their role of Corporate Governance and providing the Company with excellent strategic direction with great pragmatism, business acumen and diligence.

On behalf of the Board, I also acknowledge with gratitude the outstanding efforts of our management, employees and partners in contributing toward this mega project and transforming it into one of a world class Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) system.

As a Chairman of the Board of Directors of TransPeshawar, I believe that this mega public transport project will change not only the face but also the future of Peshawar. I am confident that this will be a valuable asset serving the future generations to come and reflect Peshawar as a modern 21st-century city.

Mr. Shahab Ali Shah Chairman

# 10. CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S MESSAGE



It gives me immense pleasure to present the fourth annual report of TransPeshawar (TP). I feel privileged to be one of the pioneer employees of this organization, leading a team of 61 valuable employees and several outsourcing partners. It has been exciting to see TransPeshawar's exceptional growth during the past few years while overcoming all kinds of challenges. After the successful inauguration of BRT Peshawar on 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2020 the system proved to be a great initiative for providing safe, affordable, inclusive and reliable transport for the residents of Peshawar.

Zu Peshawar has reshaped the City's mobility landscape with special focus on inclusion and accessibility. It replaced an outdated and unregulated transport

system, which failed to meet the needs of the citizens, especially the vulnerable segments such as women, children, people with disabilities and the elderly. At present, Zu Peshawar transports over 250,000 passengers on a daily basis, 25% of whom are women. The increase in number of female passengers from 2% to 25% is testament to the acceptability & popularity of the service. TransPeshawar is also providing female with employment opportunities, with 10% of BRT staff being female in an industry used to have no female employment.

This 3rd Generation Bus Rapid Transit is first of its kind in Pakistan which offers several unique features such as environment-friendly hybrid diesel-electric buses, Bicycle Sharing System (last mile connectivity through bicycles) and a Mobile App which allows passengers to plan their journeys, view real-time location of buses/bicycles and pay their fares.

Besides gaining tremendous popularity among the people of Peshawar, Zu Peshawar has also achieved several international recognitions. Zu Peshawar received the Gold Standard BRT Award, making Pakistan the first Country in the sub-continent and 7<sup>th</sup> in the world with a Gold Standard BRT. The project also received an honorary mention in the Sustainable Transport Awards 2022, by ITDP. Zu Peshawar has been selected among the five finalists for Prize for Cities Award by World Resources Institute (WRI), where a total of 260 projects of 175 cities from 65 countries contended. In addition, Zu Peshawar also received Best Smart Ticketing Program Award from Transport Ticketing Global.

In a short duration of 2 years since operation we increased from 1 to 10 routes and the daily ridership increase from under 100,000 to over 250,000, which is a remarkable achievement. Peshawar BRT is becoming a role model and industry experts around the globe are approaching us to share our successes and lessons learned.

As a Chief Executive Officer, I sincerely hope and wish that together with the support of Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, our partners, consultants, and the TransPeshawar team, we would continue to deliver the best transportation services for citizens of Peshawar.

Fayyaz Ahmad Khan Chief Executive Officer



### 11. FINANCIAL REVIEW

Total grant received from Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa is Rs. 2,747.84 million in respect subsidy for BRT operations. Funds received from Asian Development Bank (ADB) under the loan No. 3543-Pak is Rs. 787.65 million which is in the form of direct payment to contractors, consultants and suppliers. Total expenditure of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022. is PKR 5,830 million which shows an increase of Rs. 1901 million (48%) as compared to the previous year.

During the second year of operations of the company, the company has managed to achieve the highest number of ridership and this number is sustained during the year. Vehicle operation schedule has been accordingly planned to provide transport services to all commuters. An amount of Rs. 3,831 million has been paid in respect of operations and maintenance. An amount of Rs. 213 million and Rs. 144 million has been paid for Bus Infrastructure Restructuring Program (BIRP) and to the consultant for Operational Design & Business Model of BRT.

Salaries and benefits increased by Rs. 13.3 million (10.4%). The salaries cost increased due to staff increments of 10% on the basic salary and hiring of further staff during the year 2021-22.

Net operating assets decreased by Rs. 815.8 million as a result of surrender of Pink Bused to HED at written down value of PKR 54.32 million and depreciation charge of Rs. 805.2 million. Additions in assets during the year amounts to Rs. 43.8 million.

BRT Fleet decreased by a net amount of Rs. 494 million due to capitalization of further 1 bus amounting to Rs. 34.22 million and depreciation of Rs. 528 million.

Advance against BRT fleet decreased by a net amount of Rs. 17.262 million. Advance has decreased by an amount of Rs. 94.27 million on account of tools, spare parts and one BRT bus and an increase of Rs. 77 million against advance payment on account of tools and spare parts.

Accrued and other liabilities increased by Rs. 540.814 million to a total balance of Rs. 3228 million. The major amount is attributed to payable of Rs. 1,326.5 million in respect fleet buses accepted (to M/s Xiamen Golden Dragon), Rs. 1434.8 million in respect of ITS system (to M/s LMKR, Santel & E-Hualu) and accrued expenditure of the company for the month of June 2022 amount to Rs. 398 million.

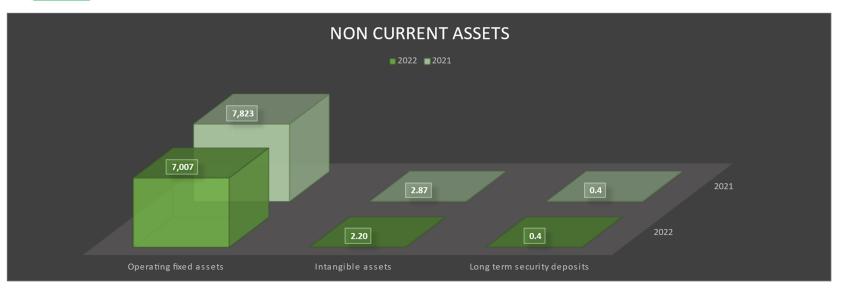


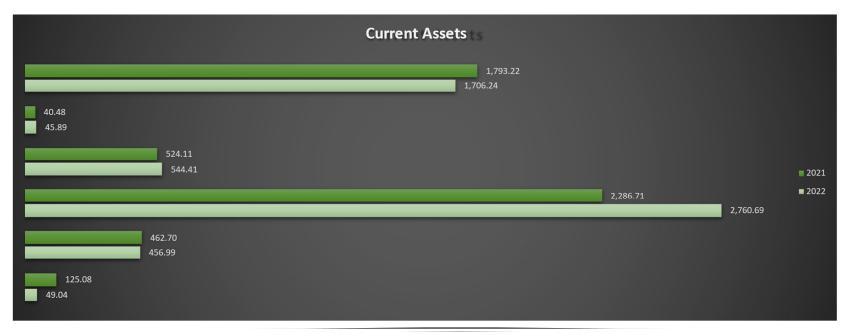
# 11.1 HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL ANAYSIS – STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

			Variance		
Particulars	30-Jun-22	30-Jun-21	Amount	Vertical %age	Horizontal %age
Non Current Assets		Restated		,	
Operating fixed assets	7,007	7,823	(816)	56%	-10%
Intangible assets	2.20	2.87	(1)	0%	<b>↓</b> -24%
Long term security deposits	0.4	0.4	-	0%	<b>介</b> 0%
Total Non Current Assets	7,010	7,826	(817)	56%	<b>↓</b> -10%
	0.007 0.000	0.008 0.000			
	0.000	0.000			

			Variance		
Particulars	30-Jun-22	30-Jun-21	Amount	Vertical %age	Horizontal %age
Current Assets		Restated		,	·
Zu cards stock	49.04	125.08	(76)	0%	<b>↓</b> -61%
Advance against BRT fleet & ITS System	456.99	462.70	(6)	4%	<b>-</b> 1%
Receivable from ADB	2,760.69	2,286.71	474	22%	<b>↑</b> 21%
Other advances, deposits and receivables	544.41	524.11	20	4%	<b>↑</b> 4%
Accrued interest income	45.89	40.48	5	0%	<b>↑</b> 13%
Cash and bank balances	1,706.24	1,793.22	(87)	14%	<b>↓</b> -5%
Total Current Assets	5,563	5,232	331	44%	<b>♠</b> 6%









Total Assets 12,572,841,910 13,058,401,836 (485,559,926) 4%

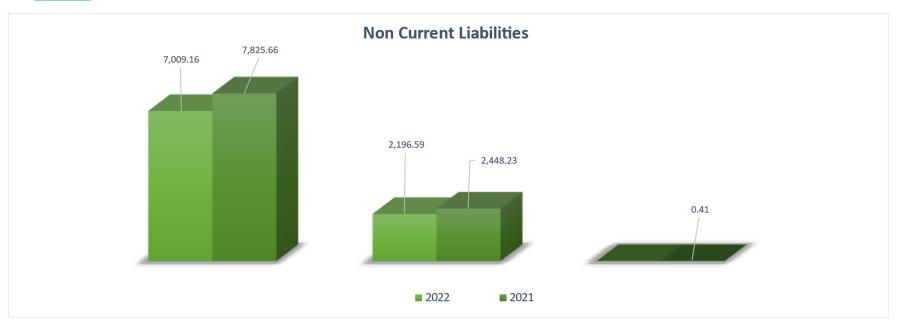


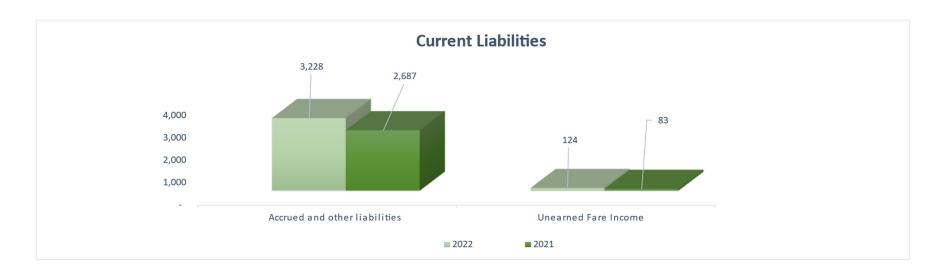


		<b>Variance</b>		
30-Jun-22	30-Jun-21	Amount	Vertical %age	Horizontal %age
	Restated			
7,009.16	7,825.66	(817)	56%	-10%
2,196.59	2,448.23	(252)	17%	<b>↓</b> -10%
-	0.41	(0)	0%	-100%
9,206	10,274	(1,069)	73%	-10%
	7,009.16 2,196.59 -	Restated           7,009.16         7,825.66           2,196.59         2,448.23           -         0.41	30-Jun-22   30-Jun-21   Amount	30-Jun-22   30-Jun-21   Amount   Vertical %age

			Variance			
Particulars	30-Jun-22	30-Jun-21	Amount	Vertical %age	Horizontal %age	
Current Liabilities		Restated				
Accrued and other liabilities	3,228	2,687	541	26%	♠ 20%	
Unearned Fare Income	124	83	41	1%	♠ 50%	
Total Current Liabilities	3,352	2,770	582	<b>1</b> 27%	<u>↑</u> 21%	









Total Liabilities

12,572,841,910

13,058,401,836

(485,559,926)



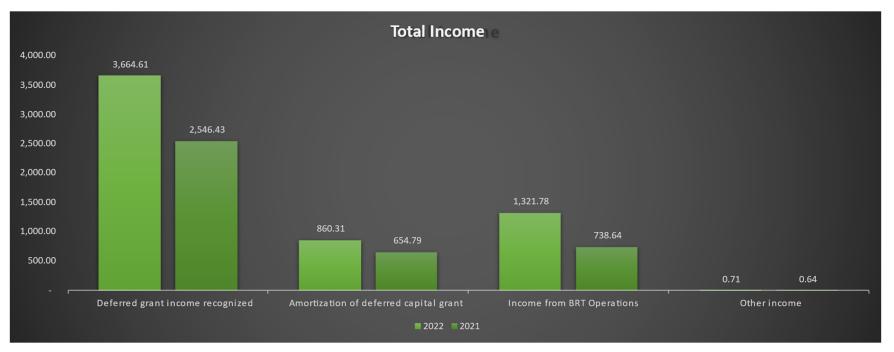
-4%





# 11.2 HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL ANALYSIS INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

	Variance Horizontal and Vertical				
Particulars	30-Jun-22	30-Jun-21	Amount	Vertical %age	Horizontal %age
Income		Restated			
Deferred grant income recognized	3,664.61	2,546.43	1,118	63%	44%
Amortization of deferred capital grant	860.31	654.79	206	15%	31%
Income from BRT Operations	1,321.78	738.64	583	23%	↑ 79%
Other income	0.71	0.64	0	0%	<b>↑</b> 11%
Total Income	5,847	3,941	1,907	0%	<b>1</b> 48%



			Variance				
Particulars	30-Jun-22 30-Jun-2		Amount	Vertical %age	%age		
Project Expenditure		Restated					
BRT Vehicles Operating Expenditure	2,437.06	1,333.73	1,103	<b>♠</b> 0%	83%		
BRT Intelligent Transport Services	1,159.85	882.03	278	♠ 0%	♠ 31%		
Operation & Maintenance of BRT	234.28	157.46	77	♠ 0%	♠ 49%		
Cost of Zu cards sold	76.04	144.27	(68)	♠ 0%	<b>↓</b> -47%		
BIRP	213.24	171.71	42	♠ 0%	♠ 24%		
Utilities	192.13	113.64	78	♠ 0%	♠ 69%		
BRT stores, spares and tools consumed	322.07	208.33	114	♠ 0%	♠ 55%		
Depreciation	798.59	646.63	152	♠ 0%	♠ 24%		
Consultancy Services	144.58	90.11	54	♠ 0%	♠ 60%		
Other	70.55	13.80	57	♠ 0%	♠ 411%		
Total Project Expenditure	5,648	3,762	1,887	0%	<b>♠</b> 50%		







# 12. DIRECTORS' REPORT

### 12.1 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Good Corporate Governance is the order of the day for the maintenance of the Company Integrity and transparency in the eyes of its stakeholders. The Board of Directors of the Company recognizes the need to implement appropriate systems, which shall be supported by appropriate policies & procedures and best ethical practices.

The Board has established best system of corporate governance incorporating system of controls supported by policies and procedures and best ethical practices under the leadership of board members from various backgrounds.

### 12.2 DIRECTORS STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The Directors are pleased to state that

- a) The Board has complied with relevant principles of corporate governance, and has identified the rules that has not been complied with, the period in which the non-compliance continued, and reasons for such non-compliance;
- b) The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company, present its state of affairs fairly, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity;
- c) proper books of account of the Public Sector Company have been maintained;
- d) appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment;
- e) The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored
- f) The appointment of the Chairman and other members of the Board and the terms of their appointment are in the best interests of the Company as well as in line with the best practices. None of the Director, except Chief Executive officer, is being paid any remuneration;
- g) The remuneration of executive management of the Company is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements of the Company showing separate figures for salaries, fees and other benefits.
- h) The Company is reliant on the grants from the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and received Rs 2,747.843 million during the year ended June 30, 2022. The Company has also received a grant of Rs. 787.65 million from Asian Development Bank pursuant to loan agreement with Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. These grants are received for the development of Peshawar Bus Rapid Transit System and operational expenditure of TransPeshawar.
- i) Information regarding outstanding taxes and levies, as required by Corporate Governance Rules, is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- j) There are no significant doubts regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

# "TRANSPESHAWAR (THE URBAN MOBILITY COMPANY)"

Review Report
On the Statement of Compliance with the Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2022



A Member Firm of **PKF** International





# Review Report to the Members On the Statement of Compliance with the Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013 (the Rules) prepared by the Board of Directors of "TransPeshawar (The Urban Mobility Company)" for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The responsibility for compliance with the Rules is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Rules and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Rules. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Rules.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Rules requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Rules as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Date: Aug 17, 2023

PESHAWAR

UDIN: RR202210256d5y0wilJG CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Zeeshan Ali, FCA Engagement Partner

**Peshawar:** 8th Floor, State Life Building, The Mall, Peshawar Cantt. Pakistan.
Tel: +92-91-5279691, Fax: +92-91-5276240, Email: peshawar@pkf.com.pk , Web: www.pkf.com.pk

OTHER OFFICES: KARACHI | LAHORE | MULTAN | ISLAMABAD | PESHAWAR | SIALKOT



# 12.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE PUBLIC SECTOR COMPANIES (CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) RULES, 2013

Name of the Company:

TransPeshawar (The Urban Mobility Company)

Name of the line ministry:

**Transport and Mass Transit Department** 

For the period ended:

June 30, 2022

- I. This statement is being presented to comply with the Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013 (hereinafter called "the Rules") issued for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a public sector Company is managed in compliance with the best practices of public sector governance.
- II. The Company has complied with the provisions of the Rules in the following manner:

CNI	Partition of the Partie	D. I. M.	Y	N
S.No	Provision of the Rules	Rule No	Tick the relevant box	
1.	The independent directors meet the criteria of independence, as defined under the Rules.	2(d)	<b>V</b>	



	directors. At pr	esent the Board includes:				
	Category	Names	Date of Appointment			<b>√</b>
	Indonendant	Mr. Dilroze Khan	08-Feb-17			
	Independent Directors	Mr. Isaac Ali Qazi	16-Mar-18			
	Directors	Mr. Muhammad Ishfaq Khattak	10-Jul-20			
	Executive Directors	Mr. Fayyaz Ahmad Khan	09-May-18			
		Additional Chief Secretary	09-May-18			
		Commissioner Peshawar	16-Mar-18			
		Secretary Transport and Mass Transit Department	16-Mar-18			
		Director General, Peshawar Development Authority	08-Feb-17			
Ŋ	Non- Executive Directors	Dr. Rashid Rehan	11-Sep-18			
		Deputy Commissioner (Nazim Peshawar)	08-Feb-17			
		SSP Traffic	08-Feb-17			
		Executive Director, Urban Planning Unit	08-Feb-17			
		Chief Economist – P& D Department	08-Feb-17			
		Additional Secretary Finance	08-Feb-17			
		eve confirmed that none of them is serving as a cor companies and listed companies simulta		3(5)	~	
	Annexure to the	authorities have applied the fit and proper e Rules in making nominations of the persons the provisions of the Act.	3(7)	<b>✓</b>		



			Annual Report 2021-2
5	The chairman of the Board is working separately from the chief executive of the Company.	4(1)	✓
6	The chairman has been elected by the Board of directors except where Chairman of the Board has been appointed by the Government	4(4)	<b>√</b>
7	The Board has evaluated the candidates for the position of the chief executive on the basis of the fit and proper criteria as well as the guidelines specified by the Commission.  (Not applicable where the chief executive has been nominated by the Government)	5(2)	✓
8	<ul> <li>(a) The company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" to ensure that professional standards and corporate values are in place.</li> <li>(b) The Board has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures, including posting the same on the company's website.</li> <li>(Address of website to be indicated www.transpeshawar.pk)</li> <li>(c) The Board has set in place adequate systems and controls for the identification and redressal of grievances arising from unethical practices.</li> </ul>	5(4)	✓
9	The Board has established a system of sound internal control, to ensure compliance with the fundamental principles of probity and propriety; objectivity, integrity and honesty; and relationship with the stakeholders, in the manner prescribed in the Rules.	5(5)	~
10	The Board has developed and enforced an appropriate conflict of interest policy to lay down circumstances or considerations when a person may be deemed to have actual or potential conflict of interests, and the procedure for disclosing such interest.	5(5)(b)(ii)	~
11	The Board has developed and implemented a policy on anti-corruption to minimize actual or perceived corruption in the company.	5(5)(b) (vi)	✓
12	The Board has ensured equality of opportunity by establishing open and fair procedures for making appointments and for determining terms and conditions of service.	5(5)(c) (ii)	1



			Ailliuai Nepoi	L LULI LL
13	The Board has ensured compliance with the law as well as the company's internal rules and procedures relating to public procurement, tender regulations, and purchasing and technical standards, when dealing with suppliers of goods and services.	5(5)(c)(iii)	~	
14	The Board has developed a vision or mission statement and corporate strategy of the company.	5(6)	~	
15	The Board has developed significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended, has been maintained.	5(7)	·	
16	The Board has quantified the outlay of any action in respect of any service delivered or goods sold by the Company as a public service obligation, and has submitted its request for appropriate compensation to the Government for consideration.	5(8)	~	
17	The Board has ensured compliance with policy directions requirements received from the Government.	5(11)	1	
18	<ul> <li>(a) The Board has met at least four times during the year.</li> <li>(b) Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings.</li> <li>(c) The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.</li> </ul>	6(1) 6(2) 6(3)	<b>*</b>	
19	The Board has monitored and assessed the performance of senior management on half-yearly basis and held them accountable for accomplishing objectives, goals and key performance indicators set for this purpose.	8 (2)	✓	
20	The Board has reviewed and approved the related party transactions placed before it after recommendations of the audit committee. A party wise record of transactions entered into with the related parties during the year has been maintained.	9	~	
21	<ul> <li>(a) The Board has approved the profit and loss account for, and balance sheet as at the end of, the first, second and third quarter of the year as well as the financial year end.</li> <li>(b)In case of listed PSCs, the Board has prepared half yearly accounts and undertaken limited scope review by the auditors.</li> <li>(c)The Board has placed the annual financial statements on the company's website.</li> </ul>	10	N/A	



						Programme me
22	All the Board members underwent an apprise them of the material developr	11		1		
	<ul> <li>(a) The Board has formed the requisite</li> <li>(b) The committees were provided duties, authority and composition.</li> <li>(c) The minutes of the meetings of the members.</li> <li>(d) The committees were chaired by the second committees were chaired by the second committees.</li> </ul>	12				
	Committee	Number of members	Name of Chair			
23	Nomination Committee 3 Additional Chief Secretary					
	Human Resources Committee	5	Mr. Isaac Ali Qazi			
	Finance Committee	5	Mr. Dilroze Khan			
	Procurement Committee	5	DG PDA			
	Audit Committee	4	Mr. Dilroze Khan			
	Risk Management Committee	5	Secretary Transport			
	Operation and Strategy Committee	5	Secretary Transport			
24	The Board has approved appointmen and Chief Internal Auditor, by whate terms and conditions of employment.		13	~		
25	The Chief Financial Officer and the Coprescribed in the Rules.	14	1			
26	The company has adopted International Financial Reporting Standards notified by the Commission in terms of sub-section (1) of section 225 of the Act.				<b>✓</b>	
27		The directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Act and the Rules and fully describes the salient matters required				



						Annual Report 2	2021-22
28	The directors, CEO and executive concerned or interested in any colof the company except those discl		18	~			
29	<ul><li>(a) A formal and transparent procedure for fixing the remuneration packages of individual directors has been set in place and no director is involved in deciding his own remuneration.</li><li>(b) The annual report of the company contains criteria and details of remuneration of each director.</li></ul>					Not applicable	
30	The financial statements of the company were duly endorsed by the chief executive and chief financial officer before consideration and approval of the audit committee and the Board.					~	
	The Board has formed an audit committee, with defined and written terms of reference, and having the following members:						
	Name of the member	Category	Professional Background				
	Mr. Dilroze Khan	Chairman	Chartered Accountant				
31	Secretary to Govt of KP- Transport & Mass Transit Department	Member	Civil Servant		21 (1) and	1	
	Mr. Isaac Ali Qazi	Member	Practicing Lawyer		21(2)		
	Additional Secretary Finance	Member	Civil Servant				
	Mr. Tauseef ur Rehman	Secretary	Chartered Accountant				
	The Chief Executive and Chairman of the Board are not members of the audit committee.						
32	<ul> <li>(a) The chief financial officer, the chief internal auditor, and a representative of the external auditors attended all meetings of the audit committee at which issues relating to accounts and audit were discussed.</li> <li>(b) The audit committee met the external auditors, at least once a year, without the presence of the chief financial officer, the chief internal auditor and other executives.</li> <li>(c) The audit committee met the chief internal auditor and other members of the internal audit function, at least once a year, without the presence of chief financial</li> </ul>					~	
33	officer and the external auditors.  (a) The Board has set up an effective internal audit function, which has an audit charter, duly approved by the audit committee.  (b) The chief internal auditor has requisite qualification and experience prescribed in the Rules.					~	

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Annual Report 2021-22

MM7			Ailliuai nepoi	2021-22
rana Perahawan	(c) The internal audit reports have been provided to the external auditors for their review.			
34	The external auditors of the Company have confirmed that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on Code of Ethics as applicable in Pakistan.	23(4)	~	
35	The auditors have confirmed that they have observed applicable guidelines issued by IFAC with regard to provision of non-audit services.	23(5)	<b>✓</b>	

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

#### TransPeshawar (The Urban Mobility Company)

Annual Report 2021-22

12.2 EXPLANATION FOR NON-COMPLIANCE WITH THE PUBLIC SECTOR COMPANIES (CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) RULES, 2013

We confirm that all other material requirements envisaged in the Rules have been complied with except for the following, toward which reasonable progress is being made by the company to seek compliance by the end of next accounting year:

Sr.No.	Rule/sub-rule no.	Reasons for non-compliance	Future course of action		
1	2(d)	Board of Directors in its 31 <sup>st</sup> meeting held on 24 <sup>th</sup> March 2022 has made further changes to the Composition of The Board of Directors by removing 04 ex officio members and adding one Ex Officio member. A summary to this effect has been moved by the Transport and Mass transit Department to Chief Minister Secretariate for approval and notification. Compliance with regulation will be made after issuance of notification by Provincial Government.	approved by the CM and will be presented in next Cabinet meeting for issuance of notification in official gazette.		
2	11	The orientation course was planned in 2022. However, due to floods in Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa, Board members didn't undergo an orientation course due to involvement of Ex Officio members in relief operations.	The compliance will be ensured in future.		



#### TransPeshawar (The Urban Mobility Company)

#### Annual Report 2021-22

MR M			Allitual Report 2021-22
3	23a	Board of Directors in its 31st meeting held on 24th March 2022 has made further changes to the Composition of The Board of Directors by removing 04 ex officio members and adding one Ex Officio member. A summary to this effect has been moved by the Transport and Mass transit Department to Chief Minister Secretariate for approval and notification. Compliance with regulation in relation to the composition of the Board and as well as the Committees will be made after issuance of notification by Provincial Government.	The compliance will be ensured in future.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

# TRANSPESHAWAR (THE URBAN MOBILITY COMPANY)

# AUDITOR'S REPORT & AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## PKF F.R.A.N.T.S.

Chartered Accountants

A Member Firm of

**PKF** International





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of TransPeshawar (The Urban Mobility Company)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

**Opinion** 

We have audited the annexed financial statements of "TransPeshawar (The Urban Mobility Company)" which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022 and the statement of income and expenditure and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in general/unrestricted fund, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of income and expenditure and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in general/unrestricted fund and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2022 and of the surplus and other comprehensive income, the changes in general/unrestricted fund and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Annual Report for 2022, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Page 1 of 3





Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.





• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017.
- b) the statement of financial position, and the statement of income and expenditure and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in general/unrestricted fund and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

DATE: Aug 07, 2023

UDIN: AR202210256qbNadfs9c

PKF F.R.A.Ñ.Ť.S. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

> Zeeshan Ali, FCA Engagement Partner

## TRANSPESHAWAR (THE URBAN MOBILITY COMPANY) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	<b>JUNE 30, 2022</b>	JUNE 30, 2021	<b>JUNE 30, 2020</b>
	11010	RUPEES	RUPEES	RUPEES
			Restated	Restated
Assets				
Non-current assets				- 1-A relative
Operating fixed assets	6	7,006,960,783	7,822,787,651	2,264,246,517
Intangible assets	7	2,197,847	2,874,108	-,,,-
Long term security deposits	8	430,000	430,000	300,000
Zong term security deposits		7,009,588,630	7,826,091,759	2,264,546,517
Current assets				
Zu cards stock		49,041,068	125,084,891	-
Advance against BRT fleet & ITS system	9	456,987,003	462,704,197	3,651,590,169
Receivable from ADB	10	2,760,689,281	2,286,708,057	655,117,759
Other advances, deposits and receivables	11	544,407,249	524,109,635	412,680,912
Accrued interest income		45,892,046	40,482,988	84,025,145
Cash and bank balances	12	1,706,236,633	1,793,220,309	1,722,842,257
		5,563,253,280	5,232,310,077	6,526,256,242
Total Assets		10 550 041 040	12.050 401.026	0 700 000 770
Total Assets		12,572,841,910	13,058,401,836	8,790,802,759
Funds and Liabilities				
Funds				
Funds General/unrestricted fund		14,673,310	13,967,260	13.329,000
		14,673,310	13,967,260	13.329,000
General/unrestricted fund Non-current Liabilities			13,967,260	
General/unrestricted fund  Non-current Liabilities  Deferred capital grant	13	7,009,158,630	7,825,661,759	13,329,000
General/unrestricted fund  Non-current Liabilities  Deferred capital grant  Restricted grant	13 14		7,825,661,759 2,448,225,249	
General/unrestricted fund  Non-current Liabilities  Deferred capital grant		7,009,158,630 2,196,585,673	7,825,661,759 2,448,225,249 414,000	2,264,246,517
General/unrestricted fund  Non-current Liabilities  Deferred capital grant  Restricted grant		7,009,158,630	7,825,661,759 2,448,225,249	2,264,246,517
General/unrestricted fund  Non-current Liabilities  Deferred capital grant  Restricted grant  Long term security deposits for shops		7,009,158,630 2,196,585,673	7,825,661,759 2,448,225,249 414,000	2,264,246,517 5,848,520,876
General/unrestricted fund  Non-current Liabilities  Deferred capital grant  Restricted grant  Long term security deposits for shops  Current Liabilities	14	7,009,158,630 2,196,585,673 - 9,205,744,303	7,825,661,759 2,448,225,249 414,000 10,274,301,008	2,264,246,517 5,848,520,876 - 8,112,767,393
General/unrestricted fund  Non-current Liabilities  Deferred capital grant  Restricted grant  Long term security deposits for shops  Current Liabilities  Accrued and other liabilities		7,009,158,630 2,196,585,673 - 9,205,744,303	7,825,661,759 2,448,225,249 414,000 10,274,301,008	2,264,246,517 5,848,520,876
General/unrestricted fund  Non-current Liabilities  Deferred capital grant  Restricted grant  Long term security deposits for shops  Current Liabilities	14	7,009,158,630 2,196,585,673 - 9,205,744,303 3,228,096,557 124,327,740	7,825,661,759 2,448,225,249 414,000 10,274,301,008 2,687,281,632 82,851,936	2,264,246,517 5,848,520,876 - 8,112,767,393
General/unrestricted fund  Non-current Liabilities  Deferred capital grant  Restricted grant  Long term security deposits for shops  Current Liabilities  Accrued and other liabilities	14	7,009,158,630 2,196,585,673 - 9,205,744,303	7,825,661,759 2,448,225,249 414,000 10,274,301,008	2,264,246,517 5,848,520,876 - 8,112,767,393
General/unrestricted fund  Non-current Liabilities  Deferred capital grant  Restricted grant  Long term security deposits for shops  Current Liabilities  Accrued and other liabilities	14	7,009,158,630 2,196,585,673 - 9,205,744,303 3,228,096,557 124,327,740	7,825,661,759 2,448,225,249 414,000 10,274,301,008 2,687,281,632 82,851,936	2,264,246,517 5,848,520,876 - 8,112,767,393
Non-current Liabilities Deferred capital grant Restricted grant Long term security deposits for shops  Current Liabilities Accrued and other liabilities Unearned fare income	14	7,009,158,630 2,196,585,673 - 9,205,744,303 3,228,096,557 124,327,740	7,825,661,759 2,448,225,249 414,000 10,274,301,008 2,687,281,632 82,851,936	2,264,246,517 5,848,520,876 - 8,112,767,393

The annexed notes 1 to 35 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

## TRANSPESHAWAR (THE URBAN MOBILITY COMPANY) STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	JUNE 30, 2022	JUNE 30, 2021
	11,000	RUPEES	RUPEES
			Restated
Funds and Income			
Restricted			
Deferred grant income recognized	14.2	3,664,613,896	2,546,429,733
Amortization of deferred capital grant	13.1	860,312,377	654,790,409
Income from BRT Operations	17	1,321,781,187	738,643,425
Unrestricted			
Other Income	18	706,050	638,260
		5,847,413,510	3,940,501,827
Restricted Expenditure			
Project Operation Expenditure			
BRT Vehicles Operating Expenditure	19	2,437,059,528	1,333,728,878
BRT Intelligent Transport Services	20	1,159,846,300	882,031,767
Operation & Maintenance of BRT	21	234,278,024	157,461,087
Cost of Zu cards sold		76,043,823	144,272,859
Bus Industry Restructuring Program (BIRP) Expenditure	22	213,235,652	171,711,279
Utilities	23	192,125,863	113,641,476
BRT stores, spares and tools consumed		322,071,164	208,325,021
Depreciation	6	798,588,579	646,626,286
Amortization of intangible asset	7	676,261	507,196
Loss on surrender of pink buses	6.3	54,342,996	-
BRT Helpline - Operation		2,108,918	1,932,075
Lease Rentals - Kohat Adda		9,009,000	8,960,000
Consultancy services	24	144,578,088	90,106,316
Repair and maintenance		4,417,115	2,398,352
		5,648,381,311	3,761,702,592
Company Administrative Expenditure		, , ,	The Allen
Salaries, allowances & other benefits	25	140,763,062	127,419,594
Advertisement		8,395,741	11,405,347
Security services		5,065,012	4,775,042
Repair and maintenance		4,543,606	2,460,068
Office supplies		4,464,912	3,964,073
Insurance		3,115,377	2,868,557
Depreciation	6	6,704,541	7,656,927
Utilities	23	2,883,646	2,995,559
Other expenses	26	5,859,162	3,526,582
		181,795,059	167,071,749
Total Expenditure		5,830,176,370	3,928,774,341
Unrestricted surplus before tax		17,237,140	11,727,485
Taxation	27	(16,531,090)	(11,089,225)
Unrestricted surplus after tax	28	706,050	638,260
Other comprehensive income	20	700,030	030,200
Total comprehensive surplus		706,050	638,260
somproment out plus		7,00,030	030,200
			/

The annexed notes 1 to 35 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

Page 2 of 28

		JUNE 30, 2022	JUNE 30, 2021
	Note	RUPEES	RUPEES
			Restated
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		706.050	638,260
Surplus for the year		706,050	038,200
Adjustment for non cash items:	6	805,969,381	654,790,409
Depreciation	6.2	54,342,996	034,790,409
Loss on surrender of pink buses Cash flows from operating activities	0.2	861,018,427	655,428,669
(Before working capital changes)		001,010,427	033,420,007
(Before Working cupital changes)			
Adjustments for working capital changes:			
(Increase)/decrease in current assets:			
Advance against BRT fleet & ITS	9	5,717,194	3,188,885,972
Receivable from ADB	10	(473,981,224)	(1,631,590,298)
Other advances, deposits and receivables	11	(20,297,614)	(111,428,723)
Accrued interest income		(5,409,058)	43,542,157
Zu cards stock		76,043,823	(125,084,891)
		(417,926,879)	1,364,324,217
Increase/(decrease) in current liabilities:			* *
Accrued and other liabilities	15	540,814,925	2,022,575,266
Unearned fare income		41,475,804	82,851,936
		582,290,729	2,105,427,202
Cash generated from operations activities		1,025,382,277	4,125,180,088
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Purchase of operating assets	6	(43,809,248)	(6,212,824,347)
Purchase of ERP		-	(3,381,304)
Long term security deposits			(130,000)
Net cash flows (used) in investing activities		(43,809,248)	(6,216,335,651)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Deferred capital grant	13	(816,503,129)	5,561,415,242
Restricted grant	14	(251,639,576)	(3,400,295,627)
Long term security deposits for shops		(414,000)	414,000
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities		(1,068,556,705)	2,161,533,615
Net (decrease)/increase in cash & cash equivalent		(86,983,676)	70,378,052
Cash & cash equivalent at the beginning of the year		1,793,220,309	1,722,842,257
Cash & cash equivalent at the end of the year	12	1,706,236,633	1,793,220,309

The annexed notes 1 to 35 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Page 3 of 28

DIRECTOR

#### TRANSPESHAWAR (THE URBAN MOBILITY COMPANY) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN GENERAL/UNRESTRICTED FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

General / Unrestricted Fund

Balance as at June 30, 2020	13,329,000
Unrestricted income after tax	638,260
Balance as at June 30, 2021	13,967,260
Unrestricted income after tax	706,050
Balance as at June 30, 2022	14,673,310

The annexed notes 1 to 35 form an integral part of these financial statements.

1

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

#### 1. Corporate and General Information

#### a) Legal Status

TransPeshawar (The Urban Mobility Company) "the Company" was incorporated on February 09, 2017 as a company limited by guarantee without share capital under section 42 of the Repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Repealed with the enactment of the Companies Act, 2017 on May 30, 2017).

#### b) Tax Status

The company is registered as a not for profit organization under section 42 of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 now Companies Act, 2017, however, the company has not obtained approval of Commissioner under section 2(36) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 as required under section 100C of the said ordinance for 100% tax credit of the tax payable of not for profit organization.

#### c) Nature of business

The primary object is to carry out the project implementation, management and maintenance of urban rapid transit project in Peshawar (Peshawar Sustainable Bus Rapid Transit Corridor Project), assigned by the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Urban Mobility Authority (KPUMA) for the benefits of public at large, organize training programs for selected bus operators and bus drivers.

#### d) Controlling authority

The Company is wholly controlled by the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

#### e) Registered office

The registered office of the Company is situated at 1st Floor, KPUMA Building, Main BRT Depot, Near NHA Complex, Chamkani, Peshawar, Pakistan.

#### 2. Basis of Preparation

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of:

- a) International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017.
- b) Accounting Standard for Not for Profit Organizations (NPOs) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- c) Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provision of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS or the Accounting Standard for NPOs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

#### 2.2 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees which is also the functional currency of the company.

#### 2.3 Going Concern Basis

These financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis.

#### 2.4 New and amended standards and interpretations

#### 2.4.1 Standards, amendments to approved accounting standards effective in the current year

New and amended standards mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning July 1, 2021:

There are certain new and amended standards, issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2021 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Company's operations and therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

## 2.4.2 Standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company

The following new standards and amendments to approved accounting standards are not effective for the financial year beginning on July 1, 2021 and have not been early adopted by the company:

Amendment or Improvement		Effective dates
IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual	Jan 01, 2022
<b>IAS 16</b>	Property, Plant and Equipment:	Jan 01, 2022
<b>IAS 37</b>	Onerous Contracts – Costs of	Jan 01, 2022
IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current	Jan 01, 2023
IAS 1	Disclosure of Accounting Policies	Jan 01, 2023
IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates	Jan 01, 2023
IAS 12	Deferred tax assets and liabilities	Jan 01, 2023
IAS 41	Agriculture - Taxation in fair value	Jan 01, 2022

There are a number of other standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are not

yet effective and are also not relevant to the Company and, therefore, have not been presented here.

#### 3. Basis of Measurement

- 3.1 These financial statements have been prepared under historical cost convention and accrual basis of accounting except cash flow information and as otherwise stated in these financial statements.
- 3.2 The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the management to make judgments and estimates that affect the amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses reported.

Estimates are reviewed on an on-going basis and revisions, if any, are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised.

The areas where estimates are significant to the company's financial statements are as follows:

- (a) Estimate of useful lives of operating fixed assets. (Note 4.1)
- (b) Estimate of useful lives of intangible asset. (Note 4.2)
- (c) Estimation of contingent liabilities. (Note 16)
- (d) Estimation of deferred capital grant. (Note 4.10)



#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies

The principle accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are summarized as under. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated.

#### 4.1 Owned assets and subsequent cost.

All operating fixed assets are initially recorded at cost, which includes the original purchase price and all other cost necessary to bring the asset to working condition for its intended use. Subsequently, operating fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized whereas minor and normal repair and maintenance are charged to statement of income and expenditure.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation on operating assets, except BRT buses, slow and fast chargers and ITS, is charged to income by applying reducing balance method, to write off the historical cost over its useful life. The BRT buses, slow and fast chargers and ITS are depreciated using the straight line method on their contract life, which is estimated useful life, without taking into account any residual value. The useful life and depreciation methods are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits to be obtained from operating fixed assets. Rates of depreciation are stated in Note 06. Depreciation is charged when fixed asset is available for use and ceases at the earlier of the date when it is classified as held for sale and the date when it is derecognized.

#### Disposal

Gains or losses on disposal or retirement of operating fixed assets are determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of assets and are included in the statement of income and expenditure.

#### **Impairment**

The company make an assessment at each reporting date whether there is any indication that operating fixed assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amount of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying amount exceed the respective revocable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amount.

#### 4.2 Intangible asset

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment loss, if any, and represent the cost of acquiring an accounting software.

The costs associated with maintaining an accounting software programs are recognized as an expense as incurred. Costs that are directly associated with identifiable and unique software products, controlled by the company and will probably generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year, are recognized as intangible assets.

#### Subsequent expenditure

Expenditure which enhances or extends the performance of computer software programmes beyond their original specifications is recognized as a capital improvement and added to the original cost of the software.

#### Amortization

Intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method over a period of five years. The asset' useful life is reviewed, at each reporting date, and adjusted if the impact on amortization is significant.

#### 4.3 Financial Assets

#### 4.3.1 Classification

The Company classify its financial assets into following categories: financial assets at amortized cost, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The financial assets are classified at initial recognition based on the business model used for managing the financial assets and contractual terms of the cash flows.

#### a) Financial assets at amortized costs

A financial asset shall be classified as financial asset at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

The fair value through other comprehensive income classification is mandatory for certain debt instrument assets unless the option to classify as fair value through profit or loss is taken.

If an equity investment is not held for trading, an entity can make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to measure it at fair value through other comprehensive income with only dividend income recognized in profit or loss.

#### c) Financial assets at fair value through statement of income and expenditure

A debt instrument can be classified as a financial asset at fair value through statement of income and expenditure if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognizing the gains or losses on them on different bases.

All equity instruments are to be classified as financial assets at fair value through statement of income and expenditure, except for those equity instruments for which the Company has elected to present value changes in other comprehensive income.

#### 4.3.2 Recognition and Measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date i.e. the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the profit and loss account. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

After initial recognition, an entity shall measure a financial asset at fair value or amortized cost.

Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the profit and loss account within 'Other income/other expenses' in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in the profit and loss account as part of 'Other income' when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income' category are recognized in other comprehensive income with only dividend income recognized in profit or loss.

#### 4.3.3 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value less directly attributable transactions costs, if any, and subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method unless financial liabilities are held for trading, in which case it is required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss or where entity elects to measure at financial liability, under fair value option.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of original liability and recognition of a new liability and the difference in respective carrying amounts is recognized in the profit and loss account.

#### 4.3.4 Off-setting of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

#### 4.4 Trade debts and other receivables and related impairment

Trade debts and other receivables are classified as financial assets at amortized cost according to IFRS 9.

Trade debts are initially recognized at original invoice amount which is the fair value of the consideration to be received in future and subsequently measured at cost less provision for doubtful debts. The Company uses simplified approach for measuring the expected credit losses for all trade and other receivables including contract assets based on lifetime expected credit losses.

The Company estimates the credit losses using a provision matrix where trade receivables are grouped based on different customer attributes along with historical, current and forward looking assumptions. Debts, if any, considered irrecoverable are written off.

#### 4.5 Advances and prepayments

These are recognized at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given, and subsequently measured at cost less provision for doubtful debts.

#### 4.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and balances with banks in current and savings accounts.

#### 4.7 Accrued and other liabilities

Accrued and other liabilities are carried at their amortized cost, which approximates fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

#### 4.8 Employees' retirement benefits

#### Provident fund

The Company has contributory provident fund for its contractual employees, contribution in respect of which is charged to statement of income and expenditure for the year. Contribution is made by employees at the rate of 7% of the basic pay and an equal amount is contributed by the Company.

#### 4.9 Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Contingent assets are not recognized and also are not disclosed unless an inflow of economic benefits is probable and contingent liabilities are not recognized and are disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

#### 4.10 Funds/grants

#### General/Unrestricted fund

Surplus/(deficit) from unrestricted funds during the year is recognized in general/unrestricted fund.

#### **Deferred capital grants**

Grants received for purchase of fixed and intangible assets with limited life are initially recorded as restricted grant upon receipt. When the assets are actually purchased they are then transferred from restricted grant and recorded as deferred capital grants. Deferred capital grants are amortized to the statement of income and expenditure over useful life of the related assets.

#### Restricted grant

The restricted grant represents grants of non capital nature which is subject to the donors' imposed restrictions or that imposed future performance conditions. Initially these are recognized in the statement of financial position as restricted fund at their receipt. Subsequently these are recognized as income in the statement of income and expenditure to the extent of actual expenses incurred.

#### Judgment and estimates

Useful life of assets are estimated on regular basis for amortization of deferred capital grants over the useful life of the related assets.

#### 4.11 Revenue recognition

#### Grant

Grants are recognized as income where there is reasonable assurance that the grants will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with.

#### Deferred capital grants

Deferred capital grants are amortized into income on a systematic basis over the periods necessary to match them with carrying value of the related operating and intangible assets.

#### **Restricted grants**

Restricted grants are initially recognized as a liability and subsequently is recognized as income in the statement of income and expenditure to the extent of the actual expenditure incurred or when all the future performance conditions are met. Expenditure incurred against grants committed but not received, is recognized directly in the statement of income and expenditure and reflected as a receivable from donors.

#### Fare and Zu Card sale income

According to the core principle of IFRS 15, the Company recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised services/Zu cards to customers and an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those services/Zu cards. The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with that core principle by applying the following steps:

- Identify the contract with a customer.
- Identify the performance obligations in the contract.
- Determine the transaction price.
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract.
- Recognize revenue when the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The Company sale Zu cards and offer transport services. Revenue from sale of Zu Cards is recognized when the Company satisfies a performance obligation (at a point of time) by transferring promised Zu Card to the customers that is when the Zu cards are sold and handed over to the customers. Revenue from transport services are recognized when the services are performed.

#### 4.12 Taxation

In accordance with section 100C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance), the Company is allowed a tax credit equal to one hundred percent of the tax payable, including minimum tax and final tax payable, under any of the provisions of the Ordinance, subject to conditions as outlined in section 100C. Accordingly, no provision for tax, has been recognized in the financial statement of the Company till June 30, 2020.

The Company intended to claim tax credit equal to one hundred per cent of the tax payable under section 100C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, including minimum tax and final taxes payable. However, in exercise of the power conferred by section 2(36) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Company has to obtain approval by Commissioner Inland Revenue(CIR) for the purpose of the Section. The Company has not obtain approval from CIR, therefore, provision for taxation has been made from June 30, 2020 onward.

#### 4.13 Zu card stock

Zu card stock at the reporting date is stated at the lower of Cost or NRV. Weighted average method is used to calculate cost of ZU card stock.

#### 5. Rectification of prior years error

b)

Previously withholding taxes deducted at import stage under section 148 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, were capitalized or expensed out as the case may be; as the withholding tax were treated as non refundable taxes. During the year under review, the management of the company has sought tax consultant's opinion regarding the withholding taxes deducted under the said section and in the light of tax consultant opinion it has been concluded that all the withholding taxes deducted should be treated as refundable tax on the basis of various judgements of Appellate Tribunals as well as of the Islamabad High Court (IHC)'s decision in ITR no 63 of 2015 dated October 13, 2022. Accordingly the minimum tax as applicable under section 113 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 is adjustable against the said taxes.

Total withholding taxes capitalized or expensed out during the year June 30, 2021 and up to June 30, 2020 are

PKR 94,480,512/- and PKR 398,764,265/- respectively that have been adjusted and their effects are as follows:

Balance Sheet Items	Note	2021 (RUPEES)	2020 (RUPEES)
Non-current assets			
Net operating assets at WDV			
Before restatement		8,239,847,088	2,383,467,669
Depreciation charged reversed	6.1	33,768,855	7,055,948
Effect of opening balance restatement			
Withholding tax	6.1	(126,277,100)	
Depreciation	6.1	7,055,948	
		(119,221,152)	- Vandada
Effect of withholding tax under section 148			
BRT Fleet		(192,299,281)	(126,277,100)
ITS		(134,962,401)	-
Chargers		(4,345,458)	<u> </u>
	6.1	(331,607,140)	(126,277,100)
After restatement		7,822,787,651	2,264,246,517

Withholding taxes under section 148 of ITO, 2001 previously capitalized; have been reversed.

	,	
Advance against BRT fleet & ITS System	464 102 201	2.016.046.020
Before restatement	464,103,291	3,916,046,820
Effect of withholding tax under section 148		
Effect of opening balance restatement	(398,764,265)	
Zu cards		(14.521.(20)
		(14,521,629)
BRT Fleet	(84,022,560)	(235,952,917)
Spare parts	(10,221,923)	(9,217,889)
Chargers		(4,345,458)
ITS	(236,029)	(134,726,372)
	(94,480,512)	(398,764,265)
		/ \

Withholding taxes under section 148 of ITO, 2001, have now been treated as refundable/advance tax.

	Note	2021 (RUPEES)	2020 (RUPEES)		
Reversal of vehicle and ITS advances cap	italized/expense out		a September		
Effect of opening balance restatement		134,307,614	-		
BRT fleet		192,299,284	126,277,10		
Spare parts		11,409,297	8,030,51		
Charges		4,345,458	_		
ITS		134,962,401			
Zu Cards		14,521,629	-		
		357,538,069	134,307,61		
After restatement		462,704,197	3,651,590,16		
Withholding taxes under section 148 of ITO	, 2001 previously capita	alized/expense out; have b	een reversed.		
Other Advances, deposits and receivables	5				
Before restatement		41,954,083	13,916,64		
Effect of withholding tax under section 14	48				
Effect of opening balance restatement		398,764,265			
Zu cards			14,521,62		
BRT Fleet		84,022,560	235,952,91		
Spare parts		10,221,923	9,217,88		
Chargers		-	4,345,45		
ITS		236,029	134,726,37		
		94,480,512	398,764,26		
Less: Adjustment of tax provision		(11,089,225)			
After restatement		524,109,635	412,680,91		
Withholding taxes under section 148 of ITO	, 2001, have now been	treated as refundable/adva	ance tax.		
Zu cards stock					
Before restatement		131,828,474	-		
WHT under section 148					
WHT under section 148 Reversal of closing stock value		(14,521,629)	-		
		(14,521,629) 7,778,046	-		
Reversal of closing stock value					

Withholding tax under section 148 of ITO, 2001, charged to cost of closing stock and charged to cost of sale has been reversed.

has been reversed.			
	Note	2021 (RUPEES)	2020 (RUPEES)
Non-current Liabilities			
Deferred capital grant		1 95mi	
Before restatement		8,242,721,196	2,383,467,669
Effect of opening balance restatement		(119,221,152)	-
BRT buses capitalization - impact of WHT reversed		(192,299,282)	(126,277,100)
BRT buses chargers capitalization reversed		(4,345,457)	-
ITS System capitalization reversed		(134,962,401)	-
Depreciation reversed		33,768,855	7,055,948
		(417,059,437)	(119,221,152)
After restatement		7,825,661,759	2,264,246,517
	Non-current Liabilities  Deferred capital grant Before restatement  Effect of opening balance restatement BRT buses capitalization - impact of WHT reversed BRT buses chargers capitalization reversed ITS System capitalization reversed Depreciation reversed	Non-current Liabilities  Deferred capital grant Before restatement  Effect of opening balance restatement BRT buses capitalization - impact of WHT reversed BRT buses chargers capitalization reversed ITS System capitalization reversed Depreciation reversed	Non-current Liabilities  Deferred capital grant Before restatement  Effect of opening balance restatement BRT buses capitalization - impact of WHT reversed BRT buses chargers capitalization reversed ITS System capitalization reversed Depreciation reversed  Depreciation reversed  Note  (RUPEES)  (119,221,152) (192,299,282) (192,299,282) (4,345,457) (134,962,401) (134,962,401) (134,962,401) (137,059,437)

Withholding taxes under section 148 of ITO, 2001 previously capitalized; have been reversed, accordingly deferred capital grant has been reversed as per note 4.10 to these financial statements.

#### f) Deferred grant/restricted fund

Before restatement	1,914,476,842	5,714,213,262
Effect of opening balance restatement	134,307,614	-
Reversal of capitalization of BRT buses	192,299,282	126,277,100
BRT buses chargers capitalization reversed	4,345,458	-
ITS System capitalization reversed	134,962,401	-
BRT stores, spares and tools	11,409,298	8,030,514
Cost of Zu Card Cost of sale	7,778,047	
	485,102,100	134,307,614
After restatement	2,399,578,942	5,848,520,876

Withholding taxes under section 148 of ITO, 2001 previously capitalized/expense out; have been reversed, accordingly deferred grant has been reversed as per note 4.10 to these financial statements.

#### g) Accrued and other liabilities

Before restatement	2,747,017,164	-
Less: Adjustment of tax provision	(11,089,225)	-
After restatement	2,735,927,939	-

	Income Statement Items	For the year ended June 30, 2021			
	Note	Before restatement	Effect of restatement	After restatement	
h)	Income				
	Deferred grant income recognized	2,614,263,386	(67,833,653)	2,546,429,733	
	Amortization of deferred capital grant	688,559,264	33,768,855	654,790,409	
		3,302,822,650	(34,064,798)	3,201,220,142	

			For the	year ended June 30,	2021
i)	Expenditure Total expenditure before tax	3,981,730,543	52,956,202	3,928,774,341	
	Expenses line item restated are: BRT stores, spares and tools ZU cards cost of sales Depreciation on operating assets	6.1	219,734,318 152,050,905 688,559,264	(11,409,297) (7,778,046) (33,768,855)	208,325,021 144,272,859 654,790,409
	Taxation	5.1	1,060,344,487 59,735,532	(52,956,198) (48,646,307)	1,007,388,289 11,089,225

5.1 For the year ended June 30, 2021 total income of the company was considered as turnover and was taxed @ 1.5% under section 113 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. However, during the year ended June 30, 2022 the error was pointed out and as only income from BRT operation and other income fall under the definition of turnover of the said section therefore, provision for taxation has been adjusted.

		NOTE	June 30, 2022 RUPEES	Jun 30, 2021 RUPEES Restated
6	Property, plant and equipment			
	Operating fixed assets at Written Down Value		7,006,960,783	7,822,787,651

(Detailed operating fixed assets schedule is annexed as per annexure - A).

Restatement details, allocation of depreciation and loss on non-current assets disposed off are as per annexure - A.

#### 7 Intangible assets

8

Enterprise Resource Management Software

Cost			
Opening balance		3,381,304	-
Addition			3,381,304
As at June 30		3,381,304	3,381,304
Amortization			
Opening balance		507,196	, <u>-</u>
Add: For the year amortization		676,261	507,196
As at June 30		1,183,457	507,196
Written down value		2,197,847	2,874,108
Amortization rate and method: 20% and straight line Useful life: Five years			
I a la l			
Long Term Security Deposits			
Security deposit		430,000	430,000
	8.1	430,000	430,000

8.1 This represent amount given as security to Pakistan State Oil (PSO) for issuance of four tleet cards for office vehicles and to University of Peshawar for installation of electricity meters at bicycle stations.

		NOTE	June 30, 2022 RUPEES	Jun 30, 2021 RUPEES Restated
9	Advance against BRT Fleet and ITS System			Restated
	Advance against BRT Fleet Unsecured - considered good:			
	Xiamen Golden Dragon Bus Co.	9.1	388,283,290	405,545,932
	Import duties, taxes & other	9.2	58,355,808	46,810,360
			446,639,098	452,356,292
	Advance against Intelligence Transport System Unsecured - considered good:			
	LMK Resources Pakistan (Private) Limited, Santel & E-Hualu	9.3	10,347,905	10,347,905
	24		456,987,003	462,704,197

- 9.1 This represents advance payment made for BRT buses, tools and equipment as per terms of the contract signed with Xiamen Golden Dragon Bus Co. Limited on March 12, 2018 for the "Peshawar Sustainable Bus Rapid Transit Corridor Project".
- 9.2 This represents advances made to custom authorities, the Bank of Khyber and clearing agent in respect of import duties, taxes, custom duties, LC and others charges.
- 9.3 Contract for BRT System Control Goods and Service was signed between TransPeshawar and Joint Venture of LMK Resources Pakistan (Private) Limited, Beijing Santel Technology & Trading Corp, and Beijing E-Hualu Information Technology Co. LTD (Contractor) on December 31, 2018 for the development of ITS. The balance advance is for the installation of VHF/UHF communication system and installation of ITS at Hayatabad depot. For VHF/UHF the company has not obtained NOC from Ministry of Defense and Hayatabad depot is under construction.

#### 10 Receivable from ADB

This represents the balance amount receivable from ADB in respect of recognized BRT buses, tool & chargers, stores & spares, ITS system & Zu cards delivered and consultancy services received. The amount shall be paid to the contractors and consultants as per the terms of contracts. The payable amount is reflected in note 15.1 & 15.2 to these financial statements.

#### 11 Other Advances, Deposits and Receivables

Security deposits	11.1	8,400,000	8,400,000
Zu Cards sales receivable from LMKR	11.2	6,067,950	7,877,400
Earned fare receivable from LMKR	11.2	28,401,063	19,675,412
Advance income tax	11.3	485,819,630	484,695,573
Advance to employees		257,332	93,268
Other advances		15,461,274	3,367,982
		544,407,249	524,109,635

11.1 This represents the adjustable / refundable security deposit paid to the City District Government against lease of land at Kohat Adda for BRT Bus Terminal.

11.2	Age analysis			2			1
				Amount past	due		
		Amount not past due	Past due 0 to 30 days	Past due 31 to 60 days	Past due 365 d	91 to ays	Total gross amount
	Zu cards receivable Earned fare receivable	-	6,067,950 29,365,653	· -		- 11 · 1	6,067,950 29,365,653
				NOTE	June 30	, 2022	Jun 30, 2021
					RUPI		RUPEES
							Restated
11.3	Advance income tax	under sect	ion 148				
	Opening balance					,695,573	398,764,265
	Add: Withholding tax					,655,147	97,020,533
	Less: Adjusted against	tax provis	ion	27		,531,090)	(11,089,225)
	Closing balance				485	,819,630	484,695,573
12	Cash and bank balan Local currency:	ices					
	Current account				264	,673,542	221,022,557
	Saving accounts			12.1	1,441	,563,091	1,572,197,752
					1,706	,236,633	1,793,220,309
12.1	Saving accounts carry	mark up at	the rate 5.5% to	o 12.25% ( 2021: :	5.5% to 7.5%)	) per annum.	
13	Deferred capital grai	nt					
	Opening balance				7,825	,661,759	2,264,246,517
	Transferred from restr	ricted grant		14 & 14.3		,809,248	6,216,205,651
					7,869	,471,007	8,480,452,168
	Less amortization again				-		
	Depreciation on fixe		_	6		,293,120)	(654,283,213)
	Amortization of inta	_		7		(676,261)	(507,196)
	Loss on surrender of	f pink buse	S	6.2		,342,996)	-
				13.1	(860	,312,377)	(654,790,409)
				13.2	7,009	0,158,630	7,825,661,759

13.1 The depreciation of BRT buses along with the depreciation of other operating assets, loss on disposal and amortization have been recognized as income against deferred capital grant as per policy note 4.11 to these financial statements.

#### 13.2 Reconciliation

Reconciliation of closing balance of deferred capital grant with the WDV of operating fixed assets and intangible asset.

Written down value of operating fixed assets	7,006,960,783	7,822,787,651
Written down value of intangible asset	2,197,847	2,874,108
	7,009,158,630	7,825,661,759

		NOTE	June 30, 2022 RUPEES	Jun 30, 2021  RUPEES  Restated
1.4	Doctoriote de conocet			Restated
14	Restricted grant Opening balance		2,448,225,249	5,848,520,876
	Grant recognized as restricted grant	14.1	3,383,635,591	5,270,774,870
40	Interest income	14.1	73,147,977	91,564,887
	Funds utilized and recognized as income	14.2	(3,664,613,896)	(2,546,429,733)
	Transferred to deferred capital grant	14.2	(43,809,248)	(6,216,205,651)
	Transferred to deferred capital grant	14.5	2,196,585,673	2,448,225,249
14.1	Grant recognized during the period			
14.1	Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa		2,747,843,000	1,650,000,000
*	Other donors		635,792,591	3,620,774,870
	Other dollors		3,383,635,591	5,270,774,870
			3,303,033,371	3,270,771,070
14.2	Funds utilized and recognized as income			
	Funds utilized for:			
	Project operation expenditure		5,648,381,311	3,761,702,592
	Company administration expenditure		181,795,059	167,071,749
	Provision for income tax		16,531,090	11,089,225
	Total expenses - as per statement of income and expenses	enditure	5,846,707,460	3,939,863,566
	Less:			
	Loss on surrender of pink buses	6.3	(54,342,996)	-
	Amortization	7	(676,261)	(507,196)
	Depreciation	6	(805,293,120)	(654,283,213)
	Funded from company's own revenue generation		(1,321,781,187)	(738,643,425)
			(2,182,093,564)	(1,393,433,833)
	Funds utilized and recognized as income	14.2.1	3,664,613,896	2,546,429,733

**14.2.1** The company recognized its income from restricted fund to the extent of expenses incurred as stated in the policy note 4.11 to these financial statements. The amortization, depreciation and loss on disposal of buses have been recognized as income under head "amortization of deferred capital grant" is detailed in note 13.1 to the financial statements.

#### 14.3 Transferred to deferred capital grant

An amount equal to assets capitalized (Note. 6) during the year has been transferred from restricted grant to deferred capital grant as per policy stated in note 4.10 "deferred capital grant" to these financial statements.

#### 15 Accrued and other liabilities

Payable to M/S Xiamen Golden Dragon	15.1	1,326,576,428	1,090,222,490
Payable to LMKR sental and E-Haulu	15.2	1,434,849,793	1,111,042,789
Payable to Logit Inc & Exponent engineers			85,442,778
Provision for income tax	15.3	-	
Reserve fund payable		10,819,505	59,533,211
Balance c/f		2,772,245,726	2.346.241.268

	NOTE	June 30, 2022 RUPEES	Jun 30, 2021 RUPEES
		1101 222	Restated
Balance b/f		2,772,245,726	2,346,241,268
Provident fund payable		1,623,744	43,009
Accrued liabilities	15.4	398,201,672	285,651,635
Tax payable		24,933,384	41,386,006
Performance security		23,021,993	10,640,244
Other payables		8,070,038	3,319,470
		3,228,096,557	2,687,281,632

- 15.1 This represents amount payable to M/S Xiamen Golden Dragon against BRT fleet, tool & spare parts.
- 15.2 This represents amount payable to LMKR sental and E-Haulu against ITS.

#### 15.3 Provision for income tax

Opening balance		-	-
Provision for the year	27	16,531,090	11,089,225
Adjusted against advance tax	_	(16,531,090)	(11,089,225)
Closing balance		-	-

15.4 Accrued liabilities includes payable against services of BRT Vehicle Operations, Intelligent Transport System, repair and maintenance, fuel supply and electricity expense for the month of June 2022.

#### 16 Contingencies and Commitments

#### 16.1 Contingencies

#### a) Office building rent

TransPeshawar (The Urban Mobility Company) office activities are performed from May 2020 in the building situated at KPUMA building main BRT depot Chamkani Peshawar which is owned by KPUMA and there is no rent agreement/understanding between the company and authority regarding office/building rent and the management has not booked any provision for the year ended June 30, 2022 and previous year in its books of account.

#### b) Infrastructure charges

The TransPeshawar's transport vehicles are operated on the routes/stations whose ownership is not yet confirmed. The company management is not in the position to estimate the maintenance/usage or other charges that may be claimed by the government authority once the ownership of the BRT routes/stations is transferred to it.

#### c) No provision for income tax

As detailed in note 4.12 to these financial statements the company intends to claim tax credit equal to one hundred per cent of the tax payable. No provision for taxation has been made in the prior years ended upto June 30, 2020 in these financial statements as the management is of the opinion that they have complied with the requirements of Section 100C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 in respect of the prior years.

#### d) Withholding tax

PKR 958,984,021/- has been paid to LMKR sental and E-Haulu on account of imports of ITS, however, withholding tax amounting to PKR 67,128,881 was not deducted as required under section 152 (1A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The case of disputed amount of withholding tax is pending in High Court and till the finality of the case decision tax has not been deposited to Federal Board of Revenue. LMKR sental and E-Haulu agree to bear the withholding tax amount along with the tax penalty and currency risk and liquidity damages, in case the final decision is not in their favor.

#### 16.2 Commitments

The details of the commitments as at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

- a) On March 12, 2018, TransPeshawar entered in to an agreement with M/s Xiamen Golden Dragon Company Limited for purchase of 12 meter long 155 buses, 18 meter long 65 buses, 2 tow trucks and other necessary spare parts and equipment for the "Peshawar Sustainable Bus Rapid Transit Corridor Project" at price in USD 48,479,844 equivalent to PKR 9,918,481,588 (@ of 1 USD = 204.59 as at June 30, 2022). As at June 30, 2022 the Company's capital expenditure commitment against the above agreement amounts to USD 17,434,378 equivalent to PKR 3,566,895,908/- (@ of 1 USD = 204.59 as at June 30, 2022).
- b) On March 12, 2018, TransPeshawar entered in to an agreement with M/s Xiamen Golden Dragon Company Limited the purchase of Diesel Engine Oil, Tires and other related services including driver training program, maintenance supervision of vehicles, completion of full vehicle homologation, registration and licensing of BRT vehicles for the "Peshawar Sustainable Bus Rapid Transit Corridor Project" at price in PKR 366,179,086/-.

As at June 30, 2022 the Company's capital expenditure commitment against the above agreement amounts to PKR 178,210,539/-.

on December 31, 2018, TransPeshawar entered into an agreement with Joint Venture of LMK Resources Pakistan (Pvt) Ltd, Beijing Santel Technology & Trading Corporation and Beijing E-Hualu Information Technology Company Limited for purchase and installation of "Intelligence Transport System" for the "Peshawar Sustainable Bus Rapid Transit Corridor Project" at price of USD 13,904,401/- (equivalent to PKR 2,457,331,741) and in PKR 126,346,331/- amounting to total contract price in PKR 2,583,678,072/-.

As at June 30, 2022, the Company's capital expenditure commitment against the above agreement amounts to USD 7,532,004 (equivalent PKR 1,540,971,192) and PKR 49,501,059/- amounting to total in PKR 1,590,472,251/-.

d) The exchange rate used in translating foreign currency commitments is the State Bank of Pakistan exchange rate of PKR 204.5898 / USD as on June 30, 2022.

		NOTE	June 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2021
			RUPEES	RUPEES
				Restated
17	<b>Income from BRT Operations</b>			
	BRT fare earned		1,246,724,620	677,043,625
	BRT Zu cards sales receipts		63,520,950	60,704,300
	Advertisement income		9,321,320	
	Shops rental income		2,214,297	895,500
			1,321,781,187	738,643,425

Page 20 of 28

		NOTE	June 30, 2022 RUPEES	Jun 30, 2021 RUPEES Restated
18	Other Income			
	Penalty income		669,050	479,260
	Tender fee income		37,000	150,000
	Women buses rentals			9,000
			706,050	638,260

#### 19 BRT Vehicles Operating Expenditure

TransPeshawar has entered into an agreement with North South Travels (Pvt.) Limited for the operation of BRT Fleet buses. Fixed rate per kilo meter is charged, which is adjusted on the basis of changes in agreed variables. The billing is being made on monthly basis.

#### 20 BRT Intelligent Transport Services

TransPeshawar has entered into a contract with a joint venture of LMK Resource Pakistan, Beijang Santal Technology & Trading Corporation and Beijang E-Huala Information Technology Co. Ltd. The services provided under this contract include ITS services, Automatic Fare Card, Station Management Services and Bicycle Sharing Services.

#### 21 Operation & Maintenance of BRT

TransPeshawar has entered into contracts with three different companies (JV of CEMS & ESL, MESI Enterprises and Pro-tech Solutions) for the operation and maintenance of BRT equipment. MESI Enterprises is responsible for the operation, repair and maintenance of electrical equipment, station lights and passenger service doors; JV of CEMS & ESL is responsible for the operation and maintenance of generators, dewatering pumps and fuel for generators; and Pro-tech Solutions is responsible for the operation and maintenance of elevators, escalators and allied a services.

#### 22 Bus Industry Restructuring Program (BIRP) Expenditure

Under the Bus Industry Restructuring Program (BIRP), old wagons, mini buses and buses are bought from their owners at predetermined approved prices and then scrapped. The scrap is sold to a contractor @ PKR 37.6 per KG. The program is approved in PC1 of the BRT project with a budgeted amount of PKR 1.052 billion.

		NOTE	June 30, 2022 RUPEES	Jun 30, 2021 RUPEES Restated
3	Utilities			
	Project's utilities expenses			
	Electricity		151,441,073	81,281,673
	Fuel for generators		40,031,930	28,692,503
	Water		652,860	3,667,300
			192,125,863	113,641,476
	Company's utilities expenses			
	Telephone and internet charges		2,384,693	2,591,026
	Water		498,953	404,533
			2,883,646	2,995,559
			195,009,509	116,637,035
				Page 21 of 28

#### 24 Consultancy services

Consultancy services include payments for consultancy services provided by ODBM consultant, bus fire investigation consultant and consultant hired under BIRP program for enlistment of wagons and buses owners.

#### 25 Salaries, Allowances And Other Benefits

Salaries, allowances and other benefits includes an amount of PKR 8,630,699/- (2021: PKR 6,745,125/-) in respect of staff retirement benefits (Provident Fund).

		NOTE	June 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2021
			RUPEES	RUPEES
				Restated
26	Other expenses			
	Petrol, oil and lubricants		910,225	765,608
	Travelling and conveyance		208,052	114,737
	Seminars and workshops		1,023,380	21,000
	Printing and stationery expenses		738,781	423,300
	Legal and professional fee		1,369,935	600,000
	Auditors' remuneration	26.1	435,750	640,250
	Meeting expenses		951,159	469,038
	Bank charges		21,257	36,553
	Postage and courier		5,834	6,355
	Books and periodicals		63,866	107,500
	Miscellaneous		130,923	342,241
			5,859,162	3,526,582
26.1	Auditors' Remuneration			
	Annual audit fee		383,250	403,250
	Out of pocket expenses			143,500
	Compliance review report		52,500	93,500
			435,750	640,250
	경기, 경영성, 지원 경기, 경기 회사 이 그는 그 그는 것은 사람들이 되었다.			

#### 27 Taxation

Provision for taxation is based on the Minimum tax @ of 1.25% (2021: 1.5%) of turnover which is higher of the following;

- Taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credit and tax rebates available, if any.
- Alternative Corporate Tax at the rate of 17% of accounting income.

#### 28 Unrestricted surplus after tax

As the restricted grants are recognized in the statement of income and expenditure equal to the extent of expenditure incurred, therefore, no surplus or deficit arises under restricted grant and all the surplus/(deficit) balance reported relates to unrestricted grant/income.

#### 29 Remuneration of Chief Executive, Directors and Executives

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for remuneration, including all benefits to Chief Executive, Directors and Executives of the company is as follows:

		Jun	ne 30, 2022	
	Chief Executive	Other Directors	Executive	Total
Managerial remuneration	16,634,460		86,263,432	102,897,892
	16,634,460		86,263,432	102,897,892
Number of persons	1	13	23	37
		Jun	e 30, 2021	
	Chief Executive	Other	Executive	Total

	June 30, 2021			
	Chief Executive	Other Directors	Executive	Total
Managerial remuneration	14,973,709		77,234,262	92,207,971
	14,973,709		77,234,262	92,207,971
Number of persons	1	13	20	34

#### 30 Transaction with Related Parties

Related parties comprise of associated companies, directors of the company, companies in which directors are interested, key management personnel, post employment benefit plans and close members of the families of the directors and key management personnel. The related parties of the company comprise of the controlling authority (Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa) and the Chief Executive Officer and directors of the company. Detail of related parties (with whom the Company has transacted) along with relationship and transactions with related parties, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, are as follows:

#### 30.1 Name and nature of relationship

#### a) Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

TransPeshawar (The Urban Mobility Company) is wholly controlled by Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

#### b) Chief Executive Officer

Chief Executive Officer is included in the Key Management Personnel of the company.

#### c) Directors

Directors are included in the Key Management Personnel of the company.

#### 30.2 Transactions with related parties

NOTE	June 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2021
	RUPEES	RUPEES
Remuneration paid to Chief Executive Officer	16,634,460	14,973,709
Grant received from Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	2,747,843,000	1,650,000,000
	2,764,477,460	1,664,973,709
Outstanding balances		
Restricted grant balance of Government of KP and other donors	2,092,716,113	2,399,578,942

Page 23 of 28

#### 31. Provident Fund

#### 31.1 Disclosures with regard to provident fund:

Size of the Fund	40,166,167	29,311,029
Cost of investment made	29,971,043	26,355,884
Fair value of investment	29,971,043	26,355,884
Percentage of investment made	74.62%	89.92%

31.2 The provident fund amount is deposited in a saving account opened with the Bank Islami for this purpose.

#### 32 Financial Risk Management

#### 32.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk). The Company overall risk management program focuses on having cost effective funding as well as to manage financial risk.

The Company finances its operations through grants, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to maintaining an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk.

#### a) Credit Risk:

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counterparties failed to perform as contracted. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to advances, accrued interest and balances at banks. The Company maintains its deposits and bank balances with reputable financial institutions with high credit worthiness. The carrying amount of the financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure and are as follows:

#### **Financial Assets**

I MARIE CARRET ADDUCTS		
Long term security deposits	430,000	430,000
Receivable from ADB	2,760,689,281	2,286,708,057
Accrued Interest Income	45,892,046	40,482,988
Security deposits	8,400,000	8,400,000
Zu Cards sales receivable	6,067,950	7,877,400
Fare receivable from LMKR	28,401,063	19,675,412
Advance to employees	257,332	93,268
Other advances	15,461,274	3,367,982
Cash and bank balances	1,706,236,633	1,793,220,309
	4,571,835,579	4,160,255,416

To manage exposure to credit risk in respect of receivables, management performs credit reviews taking into account the organization's financial position, past experience and other factors.

The credit quality of Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to the external credit ratings as follows:

		Rating	
Name of the bank	Agency	Short term	Long term
The Bank of Khyber	PACRA	<b>A</b> 1	Α
National Bank of Pakistan	PACRA	A1+	AAA



#### Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their abilities to meet contractual obligation to be similarly affected by the changes in economic, political or other conditions. The major credit risk concentration of the company is receivable from ADB and cash at bank balances.

#### Impairment of financial assets

During the year no financial assets have been impaired.

#### b) Liquidity Risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash. The below Company's financial liabilities are payable within one year from the reporting date and represent the carrying amount as well as the contractual cash outflows at the report date.

	NOTE	June 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2021
		RUPEES	RUPEES
Payable to M/S Xiamen Golden Dragon	15	1,326,576,428	1,090,222,490
Payable to LMKR sentel and E-Haulu	15	1,434,849,793	1,111,042,789
Payable to Logit Inc & Exponent engineers			85,442,778
Provident fund payable		1,623,744	43,009
Reserve fund payable		10,819,505	59,533,211
Accrued Liabilities	15	398,201,672	285,651,635
Performance security		23,021,993	10,640,244
Other payables		8,070,038	3,319,470
		3,203,163,173	2,645,895,626

#### c) Market Risk:

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market price due to change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market. The Company is not exposed to such risk.

#### Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument shall fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

Presently the Company is not exposed to any foreign currency risk as the payable balance in USD is also the receivable balance from ADB in USD.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest/mark up rate risk arises from the possibility that the changes in the interest rate / mark up rates will effect the value of financial instruments. The Company does not have any significant investment except cash at bank which is kept in saving account and hence is not exposed to any material interest rate risk.

At the year end the company is not exposed to interest rate risk as the company has no investment in interest bearing instrument, therefore, no sensitivity analysis has been presented.

#### Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from foreign exchange risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The company is not exposed to price risk.

#### 32.2 Fair Value of Financial Instruments:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the company is a going concern and there is no intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the company to classify fair value measurements and fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements of fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset either directly that is, derived from prices.

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, adjusted) inputs.

Transfer between level of the fair value hierarchy are recognized at the end of the reporting period during which the changes have occurred.

The carrying value of all the financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values

#### 32.3 Fund Risk Management

The Company's objectives when managing fund are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide services for the general public. The Company manages its fund structures and makes adjustments to it, in the light of changes in economic conditions. There were no changes to company's approach to fund management during the year.

#### Objectives

The main objective of the Company's Fund Management is serve the general public by providing modern transport services

#### Policies and process to managing fund

Funds balances are assessed and adjustments made, if any, based on the changes in economic conditions. There has been no externally imposed fund requirements on the company.

#### 32.4 Financial instruments by categories

		2022	
	Interest bearing Maturity	Non- Interest bearing Maturity	
	up to one year	up to one year	Total
Financial Assets			
Long Term Security Deposits		430,000	430,000
Receivable from ADB		2,760,689,281	2,760,689,281
Accrued Interest Income		45,892,046	45,892,046
Security Deposits - Short Term	**************************************	8,400,000	8,400,000
Zu Cards sales receivable		6,067,950	6,067,950
Fare receivable from LMKR		28,401,063	28,401,063
Advance to employees	18 1. 18 1. 18 1 <u>. 1</u>	257,332	257,332
Other advances		15,461,274	15,461,274
Cash and bank balances	1,706,236,633		1,706,236,633
	1,706,236,633	2,865,598,946	4,571,835,579
Financial Liabilities			
Payable to M/S Xiamen Golden Dragon		1,326,576,428	1,326,576,428
Payable to LMKR sentel and E-Haulu		1,434,849,793	1,434,849,793
Provident fund payable		1,623,744	1,623,744
Reserve fund payable		10,819,505	10,819,505
Accrued Liabilities		398,201,672	398,201,672
Performance security		23,021,993	23,021,993
Other payables		8,070,038	8,070,038
		3,203,163,173	3,203,163,173
		2021	
	Interest bearing	Non- Interest bearing	
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity up to one year	Total
Financial Assets			
Long Term Security Deposits		430,000	430,000
Receivable from ADB		2,286,708,057	2,286,708,057
Accrued Interest Income		40,482,988	40,482,988
Security Deposits - Short Term		8,400,000	8,400,000
Advance to employees		93,268	93,268
Other advances		3,367,982	3,367,982
			1 500 000 000
Cash and bank balances	1,793,220,309 1,793,220,309	2,339,482,295	1,793,220,309 4,132,702,604

		2021	
	Interest bearing	Non- Interest bearing	
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity up to one year	Total
Financial Liabilities			
Payable to M/S Xiamen Golden Dragon		1,090,222,490	1,090,222,490
Payable to LMKR sentel and E-Haulu		1,111,042,789	1,111,042,789
Payable to Logit Inc & Exponent engineers	시청시 내가 교육하	85,442,778	85,442,778
Provident fund payable		43,009	43,009
Reserve fund payable		59,533,211	59,533,211
Accrued Liabilities		285,651,635	285,651,635
Performance security		10,640,244	10,640,244
Other payables		3,319,470	3,319,470
		2,645,895,626	2,645,895,626
		2022	2021

### Average employees of the Company during the year

Number of employees

Date of Authorization

These financial statements were authorized for issue on Aug 02, 2023 by the board of directors of the Company.

#### 35. Figures

33.

34.

- of the previous year have been rearranged and regrouped wherever necessary for comparison purpose, the effect of which is not material.
- have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

Total employees of the Company at the year end

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIFECTOR

Number

61

61

Number

61

61

Tune	30.	202	22

		C O S T					DEPRECIATION				W.D.V.
PARTICULARS	As at 7/1/2021	Re classification	Additions	Disposal / Derecognition	As at 3/31/2022	RATE %	As at 7/1/2021	Adjustment	For the Period	As at 3/31/2022	As at 3/31/2022
	Restated										
Electrical Equipment	9,668,879	(126,594)	97,760		9,640,045	30%	5,029,516	(126,594)	1,383,159	6,286,081	3,353,964
Computer equipment	12,937,151	1,002,956			13,940,107	30%	5,466,068	1,002,956	2,542,212	9,011,236	4,928,871
Office equipment	2,209,650	(836,728)			1,372,922	30%	1,195,065	(836,728)	53,357	411,694	961,228
Furniture	11,613,677	(611,404)	23,000		11,025,273	20%	4,005,289	(611,404)	1,403,997	4,797,882	6,227,391
Office renovation	1,402,049				1,402,049	20%	278,133		224,783	502,916	899,133
BRT Civil Works	2,418,302		8,727,837		11,146,139	20%	423,033		906,833	1,329,866	9,816,273
Pool Vehicles	11,720,024				11,720,024	20%	6,234,858		1,097,033	7,331,891	4,388,133
BRT Fleet	5,801,292,805		34,223,711		5,835,516,516	8.33%	531,497,762		528,405,492	1,059,903,254	4,775,613,262
Slow and Fast chargers	78,175,455				78,175,455	9.09%	7,106,860		7,106,860	14,213,720	63,961,735
Women bus service fleet	103,972,568			(103,972,568)		20%	49,629,572	(49,629,572)			
ITS system	2,620,956,993		736,940		2,621,693,933	10%	222,713,746	-	262,169,394	484,883,140	2,136,810,793
	8,656,367,553	(571,770)	43,809,248	(103,972,568)	8,595,632,463		833,579,902	(50,201,342)	805,293,120	1,588,671,680	7,006,960,783

.J	un	e	3	0.	2	02	2

		C O S	T				DEPREC	IATION		W.D.V.
As at 7/1/2020	Re classification	Additions	Disposal	As at 6/30/2021	RATE %	As at 7/1/2020	Adjustment	For the year	As at 6/30/2021	As at 6/30/2021
Restated		Restated		Restated		Restated		Restated	Restated	Restated
6,691,527		2,977,352		9,668,879	30%	3,939,885		1,089,631	5,029,516	4,639,363
6,540,042		6,397,109		12,937,151	30%	2,311,249		3,154,819	5,466,068	7,471,083
983,318		1,226,332	4. 김사랑 하나 사람	2,209,650	30%	920,964		274,101	1,195,065	1,014,585
5,053,760	<u>-</u>	6,559,917		11,613,677	20%	2,465,866	-	1,539,423	4,005,289	7,608,388
122,423		1,279,626		1,402,049	20%	50,472	-	227,661	278,133	1,123,916
1,351,490		1,066,812		2,418,302	20%	38,240		384,793	423,033	1,995,269
11,720,024				11,720,024	20%	4,863,566		1,371,292	6,234,858	5,485,166
2,307,108,054		3,494,184,751		5,801,292,805	8.33%	128,662,624		402,835,138	531,497,762	5,269,795,043
		78,175,455	-	78,175,455	9.09%			7,106,860	7,106,860	71,068,595
103,972,568				103,972,568	20%	36,043,823		13,585,749	49,629,572	54,342,996
-		2,620,956,993	10 27 1 F= 1	2,620,956,993	10%	_	<u>-</u>	222,713,746	222,713,746	2,398,243,247
2,443,543,206		6,212,824,347		8,656,367,553	-	179,296,689	-	654,283,213	833,579,902	7,822,787,651
	7/1/2020  Restated  6,691,527 6,540,042 983,318 5,053,760 122,423 1,351,490 11,720,024 2,307,108,054 - 103,972,568	7/1/2020  Restated  6,691,527 - 6,540,042 - 983,318 - 122,423 - 122,423 - 11,720,024 - 2,307,108,054 - 103,972,568 - 103,972,568	As at 7/1/2020         Re classification         Additions           Restated         Restated           6,691,527         -         2,977,352           6,540,042         -         6,397,109           983,318         -         1,226,332           5,053,760         -         6,559,917           122,423         -         1,279,626           1,351,490         -         1,066,812           11,720,024         -         -           2,307,108,054         -         3,494,184,751           -         -         78,175,455           103,972,568         -         -           -         2,620,956,993	As at 7/1/2020         Re classification         Additions         Disposal           Restated         Restated         Restated           6,691,527         -         2,977,352         -           6,540,042         -         6,397,109         -           983,318         -         1,226,332         -           5,053,760         -         6,559,917         -           122,423         -         1,279,626         -           1,351,490         -         1,066,812         -           11,720,024         -         -         -           2,307,108,054         -         3,494,184,751         -           -         -         78,175,455         -           103,972,568         -         -         -           -         2,620,956,993         -	As at 7/1/2020         Re classification         Additions         Disposal         As at 6/30/2021           Restated         Restated         Restated           6,691,527         -         2,977,352         -         9,668,879           6,540,042         -         6,397,109         -         12,937,151           983,318         -         1,226,332         -         2,209,650           5,053,760         -         6,559,917         -         11,613,677           122,423         -         1,279,626         -         1,402,049           1,351,490         -         1,066,812         -         2,418,302           11,720,024         -         -         11,720,024           2,307,108,054         -         3,494,184,751         -         5,801,292,805           -         -         78,175,455         -         78,175,455           103,972,568         -         -         -         103,972,568           -         -         2,620,956,993         -         2,620,956,993	As at 7/1/2020         Re classification         Additions         Disposal         As at 6/30/2021         RATE 6/30/2021	As at 7/1/2020         Re classification         Additions         Disposal         As at 6/30/2021         RATE % 7/1/2020         As at 7/1/2020           Restated         Restated         Restated         Restated           6,691,527         -         2,977,352         -         9,668,879         30%         3,939,885           6,540,042         -         6,397,109         -         12,937,151         30%         2,311,249           983,318         -         1,226,332         -         2,209,650         30%         920,964           5,053,760         -         6,559,917         -         11,613,677         20%         2,465,866           122,423         -         1,279,626         -         1,402,049         20%         50,472           1,351,490         -         1,066,812         -         2,418,302         20%         38,240           11,720,024         -         -         11,720,024         20%         4,863,566           2,307,108,054         -         3,494,184,751         -         5,801,292,805         8,33%         128,662,624           -         -         78,175,455         -         78,175,455         9.09%         -           103,972,568	As at 7/1/2020         Re classification         Additions         Disposal         As at 6/30/2021         RATE % 7/1/2020         As at 7/1/2020         Adjustment           Restated         Restated         Restated         Restated           6,691,527         -         2,977,352         -         9,668,879         30%         3,939,885         -           6,540,042         -         6,397,109         -         12,937,151         30%         2,311,249         -           983,318         -         1,226,332         -         2,209,650         30%         920,964         -           5,053,760         -         6,559,917         -         11,613,677         20%         2,465,866         -           122,423         -         1,279,626         -         1,402,049         20%         50,472         -           1,351,490         -         1,066,812         -         2,418,302         20%         38,240         -           2,307,108,054         -         3,494,184,751         -         5,801,292,805         8,33%         128,662,624         -           -         -         78,175,455         -         78,175,455         9.09%         -         -           -	As at 7/1/2020         Re classification         Additions         Disposal         As at 6/30/2021         RATE 6/30/2021         As at 7/1/2020         Adjustment         For the year           Restated         Restated         Restated         Restated         Restated         Restated           6,691,527         -         2,977,352         -         9,668,879         30%         3,939,885         -         1,089,631           6,540,042         -         6,397,109         -         12,937,151         30%         2,311,249         -         3,154,819           983,318         -         1,226,332         -         2,209,650         30%         920,964         -         274,101           5,053,760         -         6,559,917         -         11,613,677         20%         2,465,866         -         1,539,423           122,423         -         1,279,626         -         1,402,049         20%         50,472         -         227,661           1,351,490         -         1,066,812         -         2,418,302         20%         38,240         -         384,793           11,720,024         -         -         11,720,024         20%         4,863,566         -         1,371,292	As at 7/1/2020         Re classification         Additions         Disposal         As at 6/30/2021         RATE % 7/1/2020         As at 7/1/2020         Adjustment         For the year 6/30/2021           Restated         Restated         Restated         Restated         Restated         Restated           6,691,527         -         2,977,352         -         9,668,879         30%         3,939,885         -         1,089,631         5,029,516           6,540,042         -         6,397,109         -         12,937,151         30%         2,311,249         -         3,154,819         5,466,068           983,318         -         1,226,332         -         2,209,650         30%         920,964         -         274,101         1,195,065           5,053,760         -         6,559,917         -         11,613,677         20%         2,465,866         -         1,539,423         4,005,289           122,423         -         1,279,626         -         1,402,049         20%         50,472         -         227,661         278,133           1,351,490         -         1,066,812         -         2,418,302         20%         38,240         -         384,793         423,033           11,720,02

#### 6.1. Restatement of balances

Ref to note 5 to these financial statements which describe in details the prior years error of capatilizing withholding tax deducted at import stage. The error has been pointed out during the year and consequently the opening balances as at July 01, 2020 and addition made during the year ended June 30, 2021 have been adjustments are as follows:

Page of

#### 6. Operating Fixed Assets Schedule

	Cost and accumul	ated depreciation as	at June 30, 2020
	Before restatement	Effect of restatement	After restatement
Description	. M. 180		
BRT fleet at cost	2,433,385,154	(126,277,100)	2,307,108,054
BRT fleet accumulated depreciation	135,718,572	(7,055,948)	128,662,624
	Addition dur	ing the year ended J	une 30, 2021
	Before	Effect of	After
	restatement	restatement	restatement
Description			
BRT Fleet	3,686,484,033	(192,299,282)	3,494,184,751
Slow and Fast chargers	82,520,912	(4,345,457)	78,175,455
ITS system	2,755,919,394	(134,962,401)	2,620,956,993
		(331,607,140)	
		for the year ended	
	Before	Effect of	After
	restatement	restatement	restatement
Description			
BRT Fleet	424,789,833	(21,954,695)	402,835,138
Slow and Fast chargers	7,501,901	(395,041)	7,106,860
ITS system	234,132,865	(11,419,119)	222,713,746
		(33,768,855)	
6.2. Allocation of depreciation		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
6.2. Allocation of depreciation Project Operation Expenditure	•	June 30, 2022 798,588,579	June 30, 2021 646,626,286

Depreciation on electrical, computer & office equipment, furniture, office renovation and pool vehicles is charged to "Company Administrative Expenditure" while depreciation on the rest is charged to "Project Operation Expenditure"

#### 6.3. Detail of non-current assets' surrendered during the year

Description	Cost	Acc Dep	Net Book value	Sale Proceeds	Gain/(loss)	Mode of disposal	Particulars of beneficiary
Surrender women bus fleet (total 14	103,972,568	49,629,572	54,342,996		(54,342,996)	Handed over free of cost to HED KP, approved by KP	Higher Education Department (HED)
buses)						Government and Company Board of Directors.	of KP

#### 6.4. Depreciation Method:

BRT Buses and ITS: Straight Line Method Slow and Fast chargers: Staright Line Method Other Assets: Reducing Balance Method

#### 6.5. Useful life:

BRT Buses and Slow and Fast Chargers: 10 to 12 years

ITS: 10 years

Other Assets: Ranging from 6 to 10 years

7